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PETROLOGICAL FACTORS CONTROLLING THE GEOGENIC ORIGIN OF HIGH FLUORIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN PRECAMBRIAN AQUIFERS IN CENTRAL BENIN, WESTERN AFRICA

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Study area and problematic



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Study area and problematic

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Study area and problematic



Objectives of the study



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To determine the main sources of fluorine in the basement and

 To estimate the role of different characteristics (petrography, mineralogy and geochemistry) of the geological layers on the mineralization of the high fluoride (F⁻) contents in groundwater

Material and methods

• Sampling

35 outcrop rock samples were taken from three sites. These sites are referred to as "Investigation Zone (IZ)"

- Samples analysis and data interpretation tools
- Thin section for each sample on fresh specimen
- X-ray diffraction on the rock powders :
- Major elements and fluorine contents (wt%) in the minerals
- Mapping of various elements by Electron Microscopy
- binary graphs, multivariate statistics and geostastical analysis to explore the collected data.





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Fluorine content (ppm) in whole rock according to IZ and most of fluorine-rich minerals in the rock



Presence of fluorine rich-mineral as:

- fluorite muscovite,
- biotite, titanite (sphene)
- apatite, chlorite

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Fluorine contents (ppm) of rocks samples according to their type



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Granitic samples have the highest concentrations in fluorine compared to gneiss et migmatites samples



Fluorine concentration of the different fluorine rich-minerals (measurement by electron microprobe



- Biotite: High Contribution
- Fluorite: Can contribute quantitatively but is less present in rocks





Also...

0.2 0.1 0.0

0.0

0.1

0.2

Proposal of decision support tool for policy-makers based on geostatistical analysis



Portée = 0.20

0.3

0.4

Distance

0.5

0.6

0.7

Modelling of variograms following different directions : 0°; 22,5°; 45°; 67.5° et 90°

- Important nugget effect: Rapid decrease of spatial correlation
- North-South anisotropy
 coherent with the main geological structures



Proposal of decision support tool for poliy-makers based on geostatistical analysis



Map of fluoride estimated concentrations

Patches with high fluoride content mostly in the immediate vicinity of the granitic outcrops in the Dassa-Zoumé area.



<0.6</p> 0.6 - 1.5

>15

0.8 0.6

0.2

0

OUESS

SAVE

GLAZOUE

• Southern area more exposed

Probability map

 Similarity between areas with high probability and direction of geological structures => strong link between fluoride concentrations in groundwater and geology

BANTE



GE université ences Appliqué This work has allowed to the following conclusions:

- There is a strong link between the spatial differentiation of the petrographic and textural characteristics of the basement rocks and the spatial distribution of groundwater mineralization
- Biotite may predominantly contribute to the presence of fluorine in the rocks but also significantly contribution of amphibole and titanite (sphene).
- The non-silicate minerals such as fluorite and apatite are very scarce in the rocks compared to silicate minerals.





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