



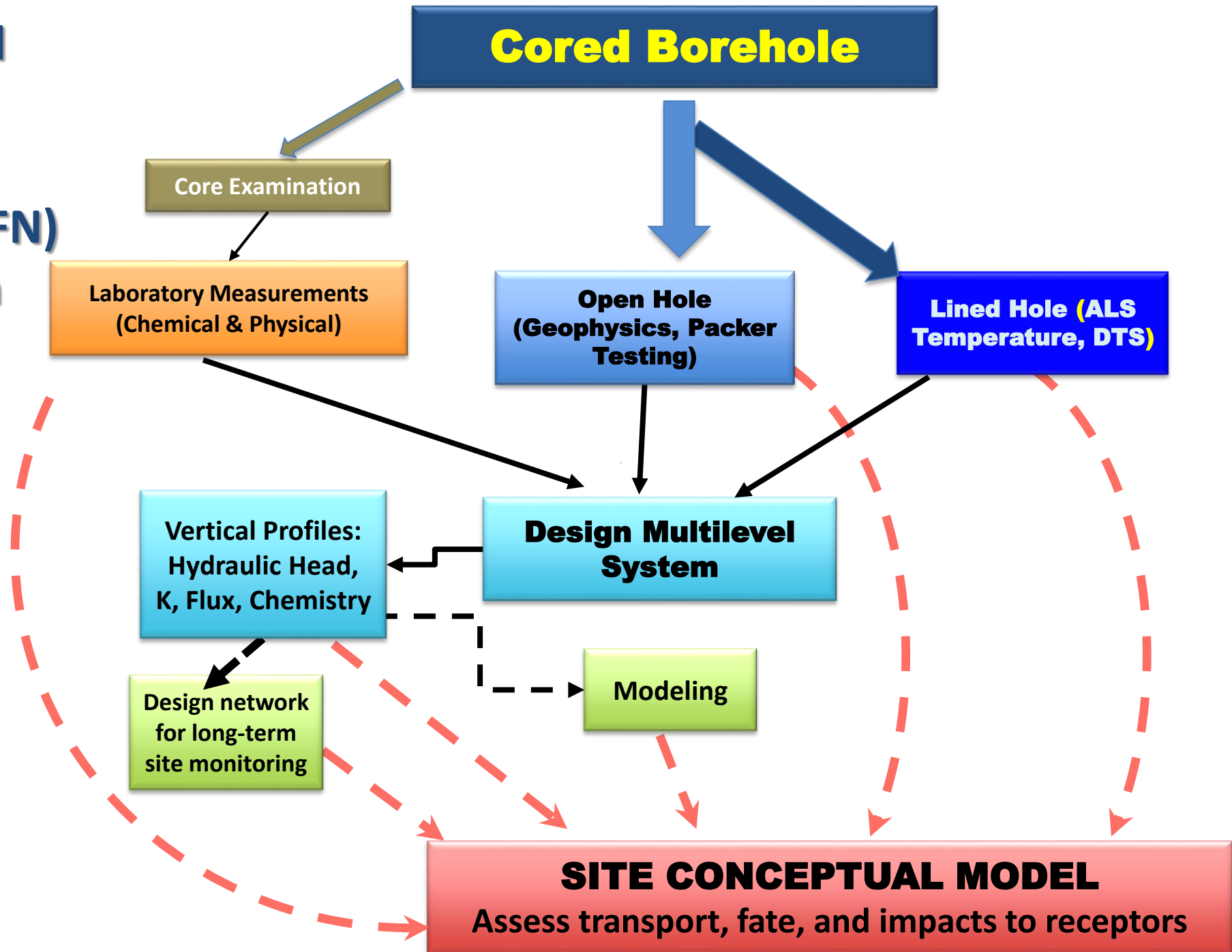
TEMPORARY DEPLOYMENT OF SENSORS: A COST-EFFECTIVE APPROACH FOR HIGH RESOLUTION SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL ASSESSMENT OF HYDRAULIC CONDITIONS IN A FRACTURED BEDROCK BOREHOLES

Peeter Pehme, Beth Parker and Jessica Meyer

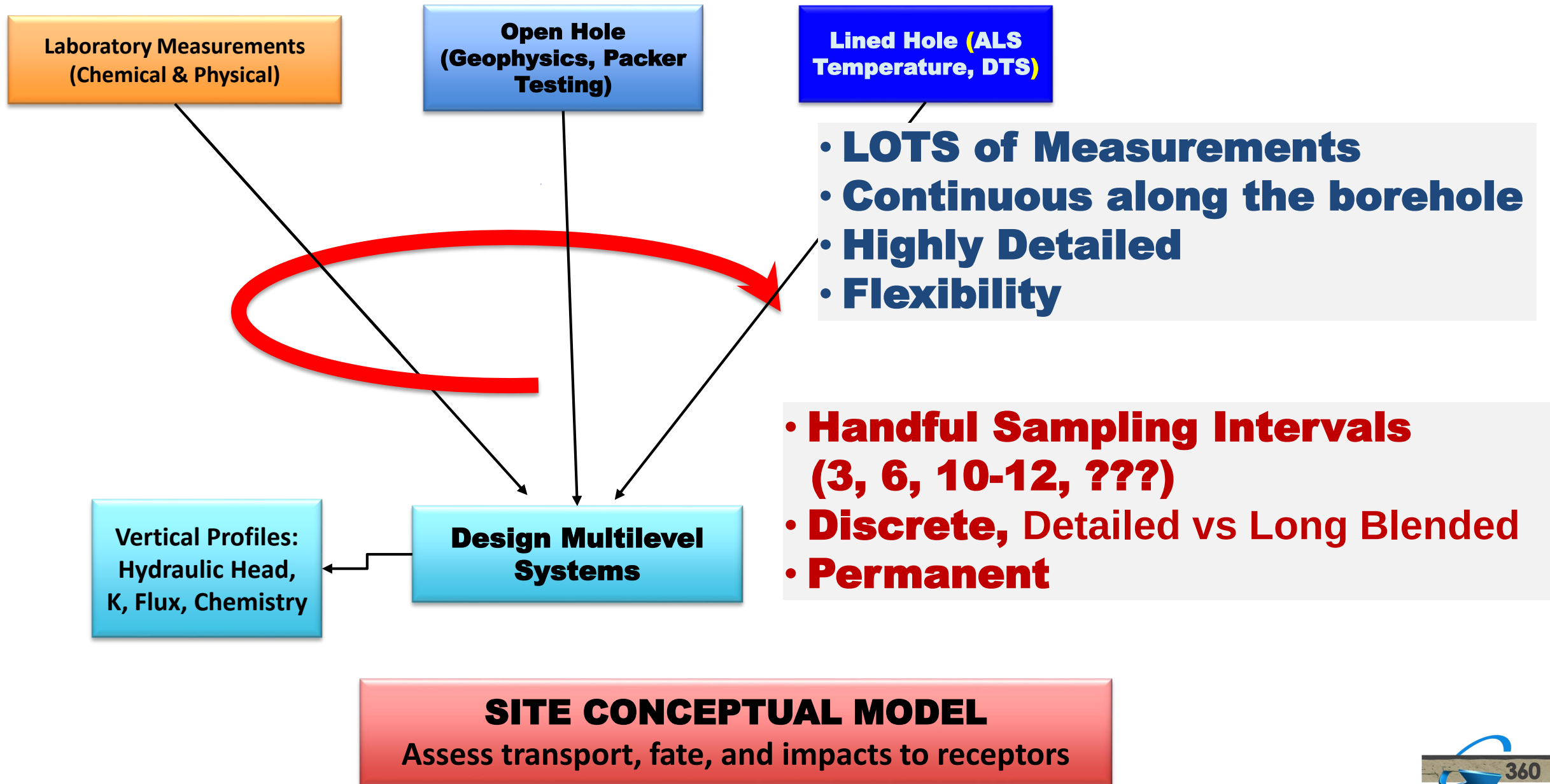
University of Liege
Liège, Belgium
11/09/19



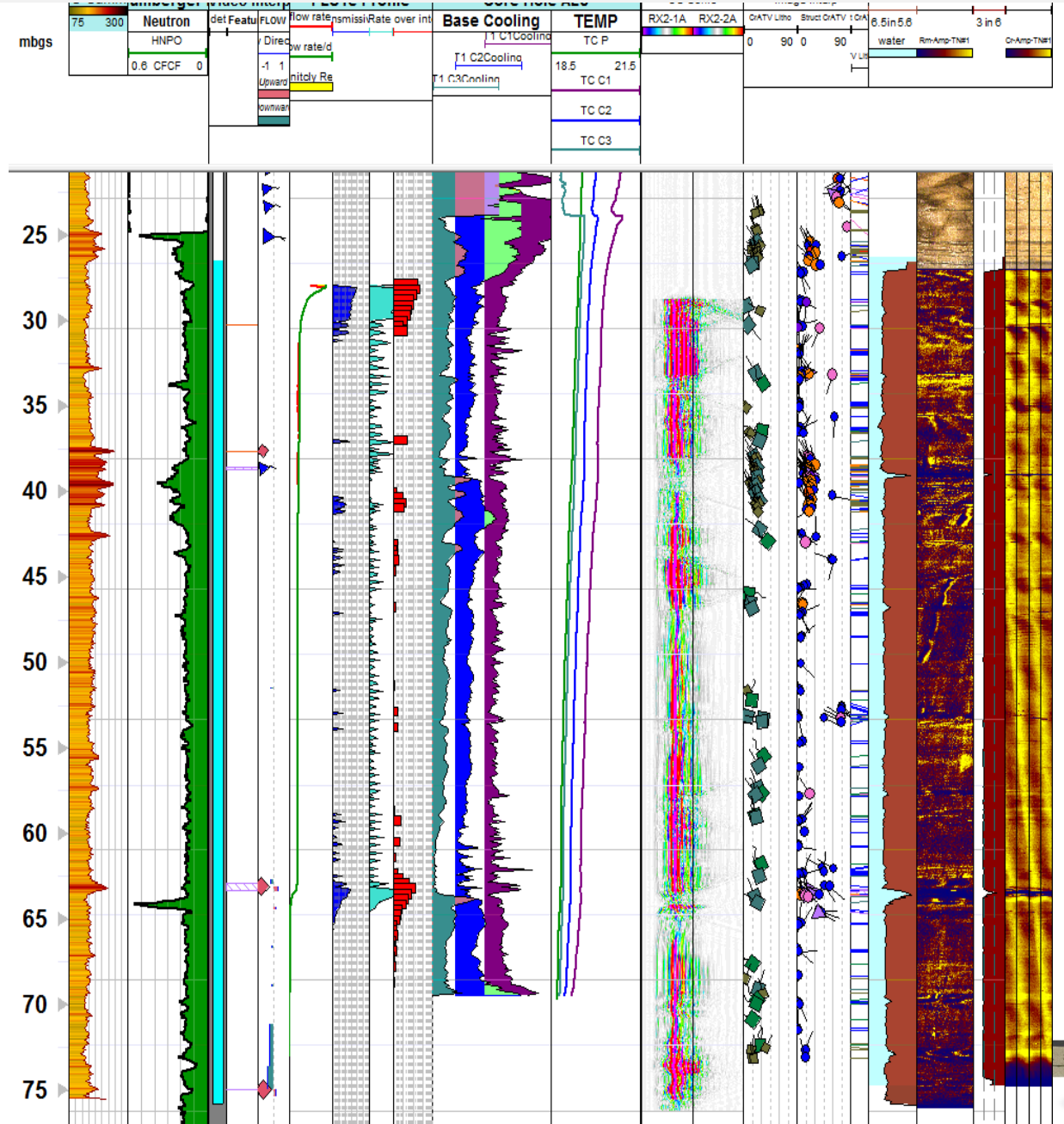
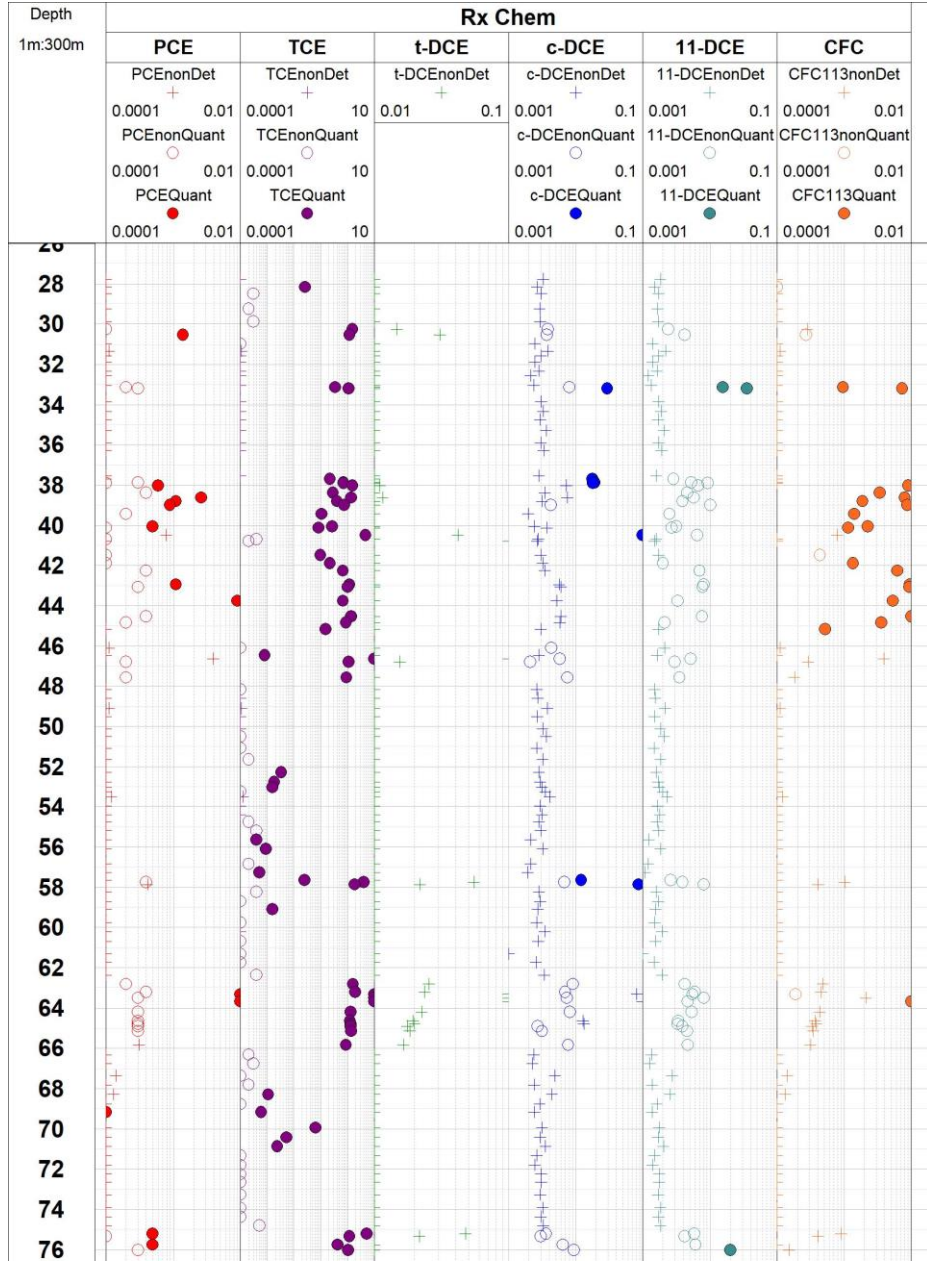
**Simplified
Discrete
Fracture
Network (DFN)
Approach**



Simplified Discrete Fracture Network (DFN) Approach

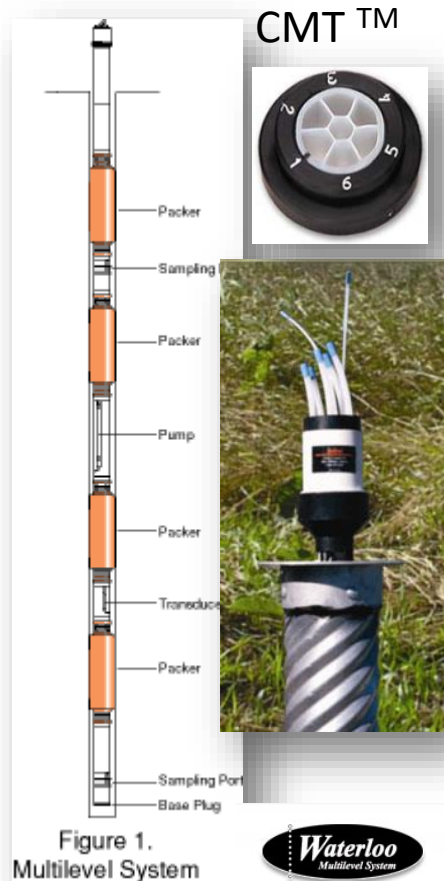


ROCK CORE CHEM DATA MONTAGE (OPEN & LINED HOLE)

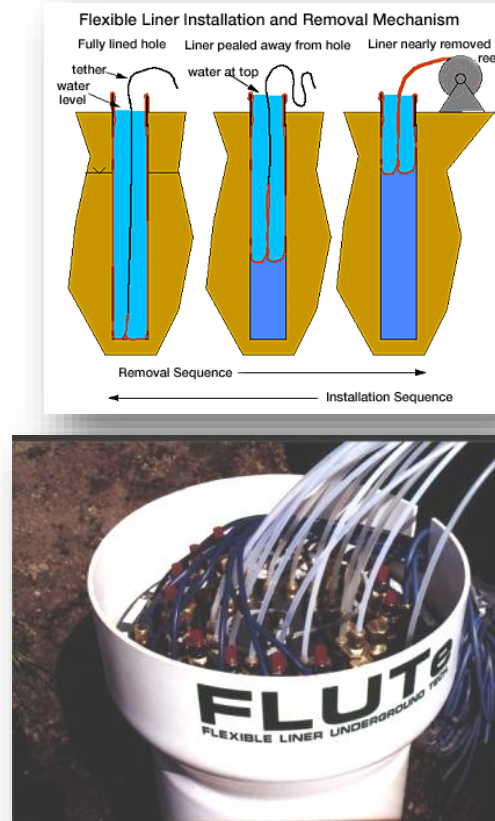


COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE MULTILEVELS

Solinst

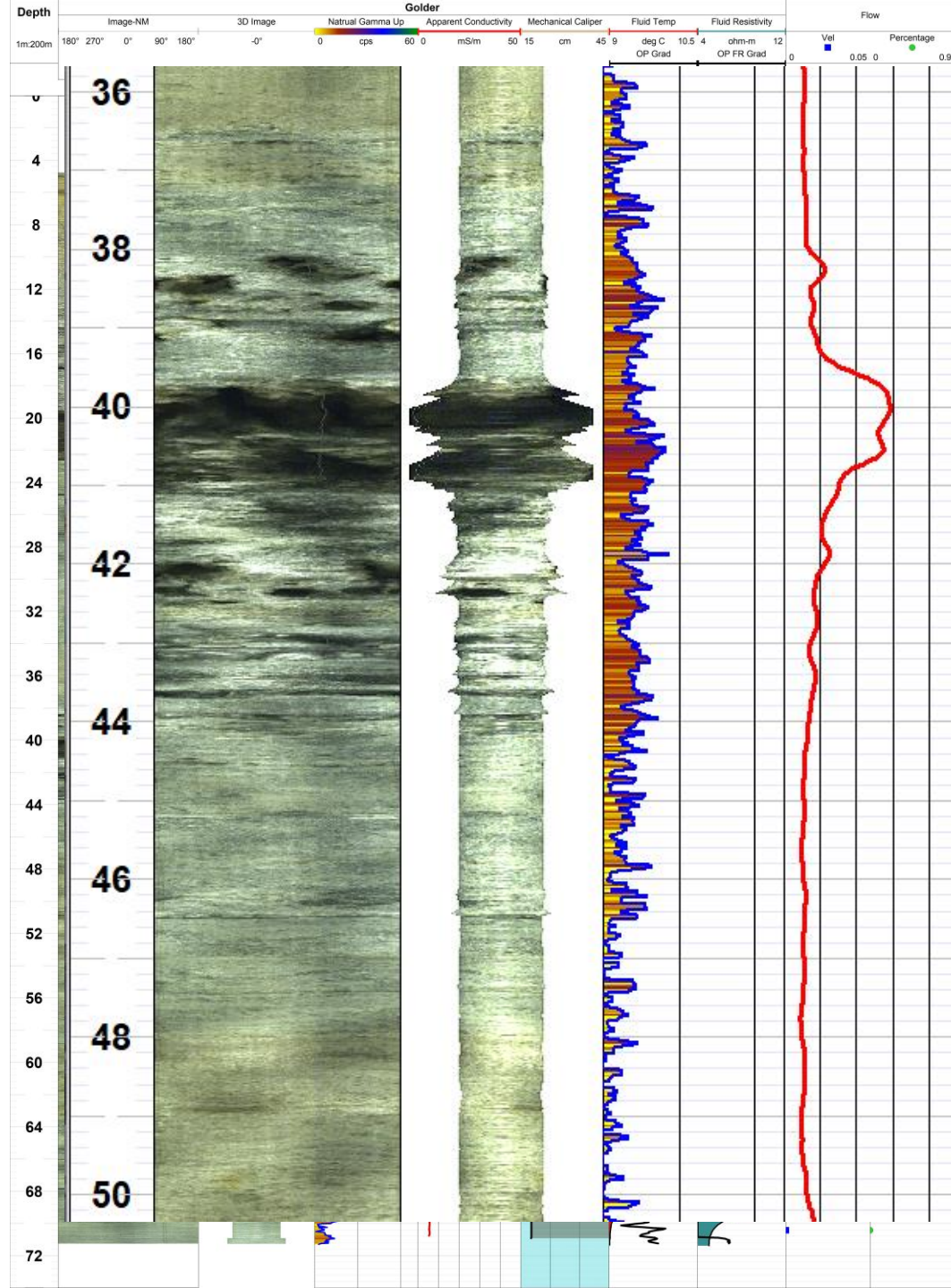


FLUTe



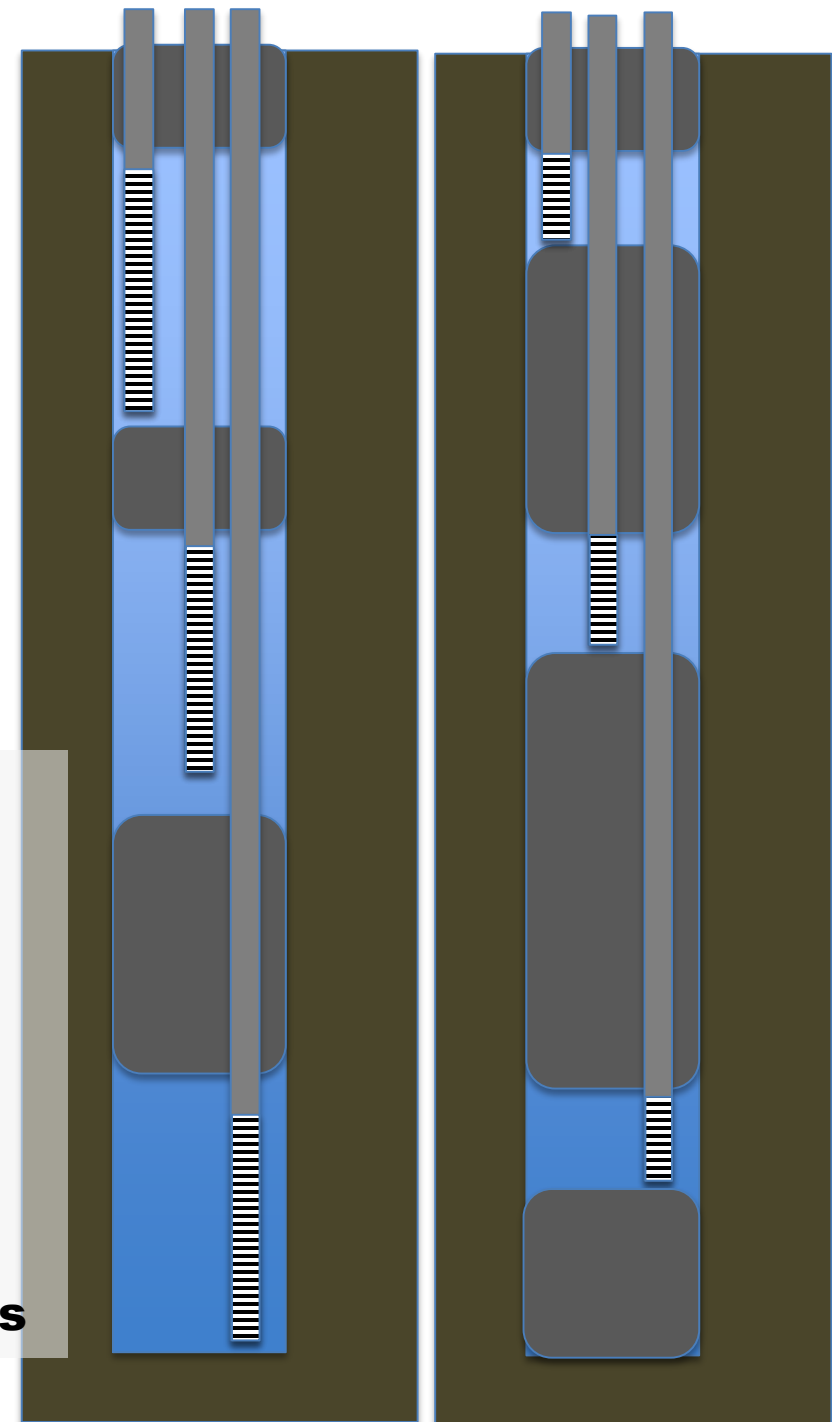
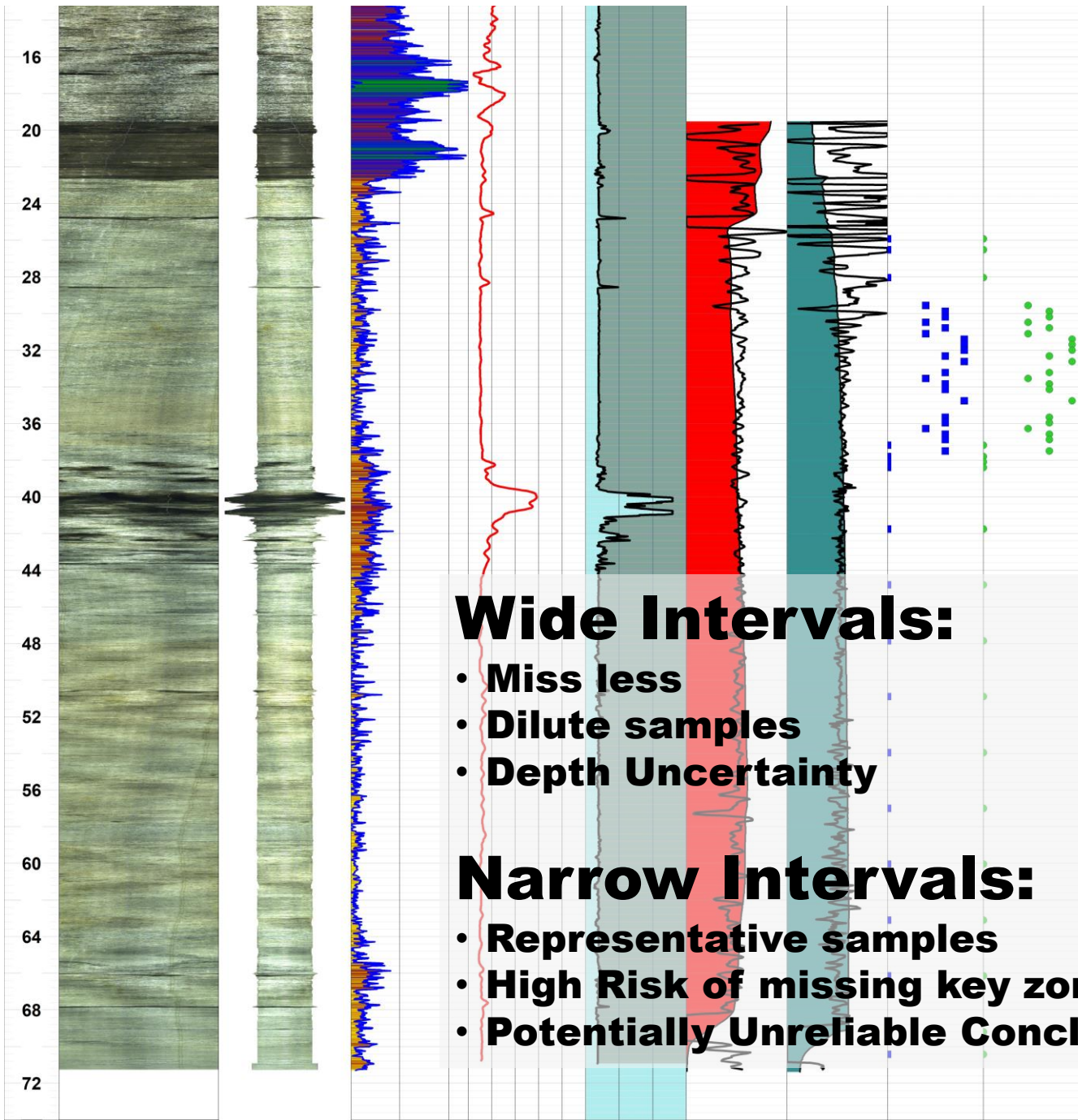
Westbay

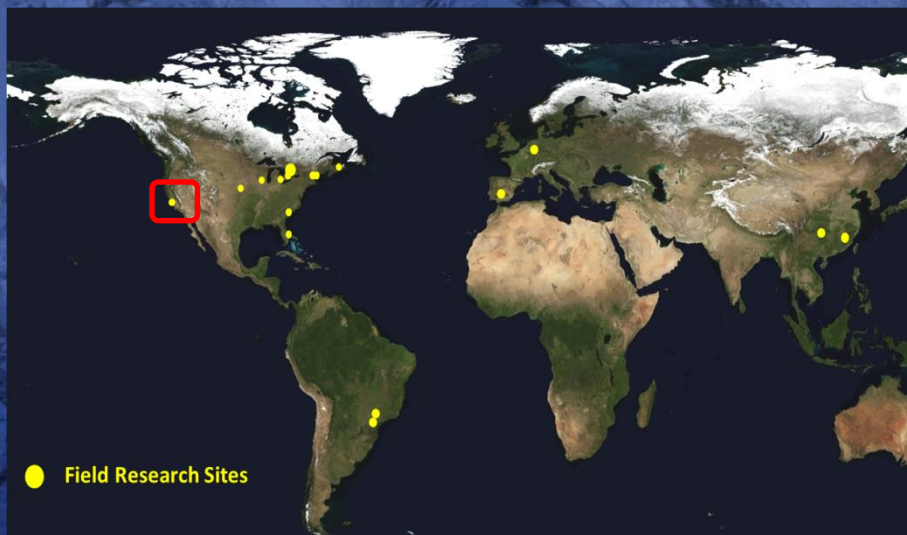
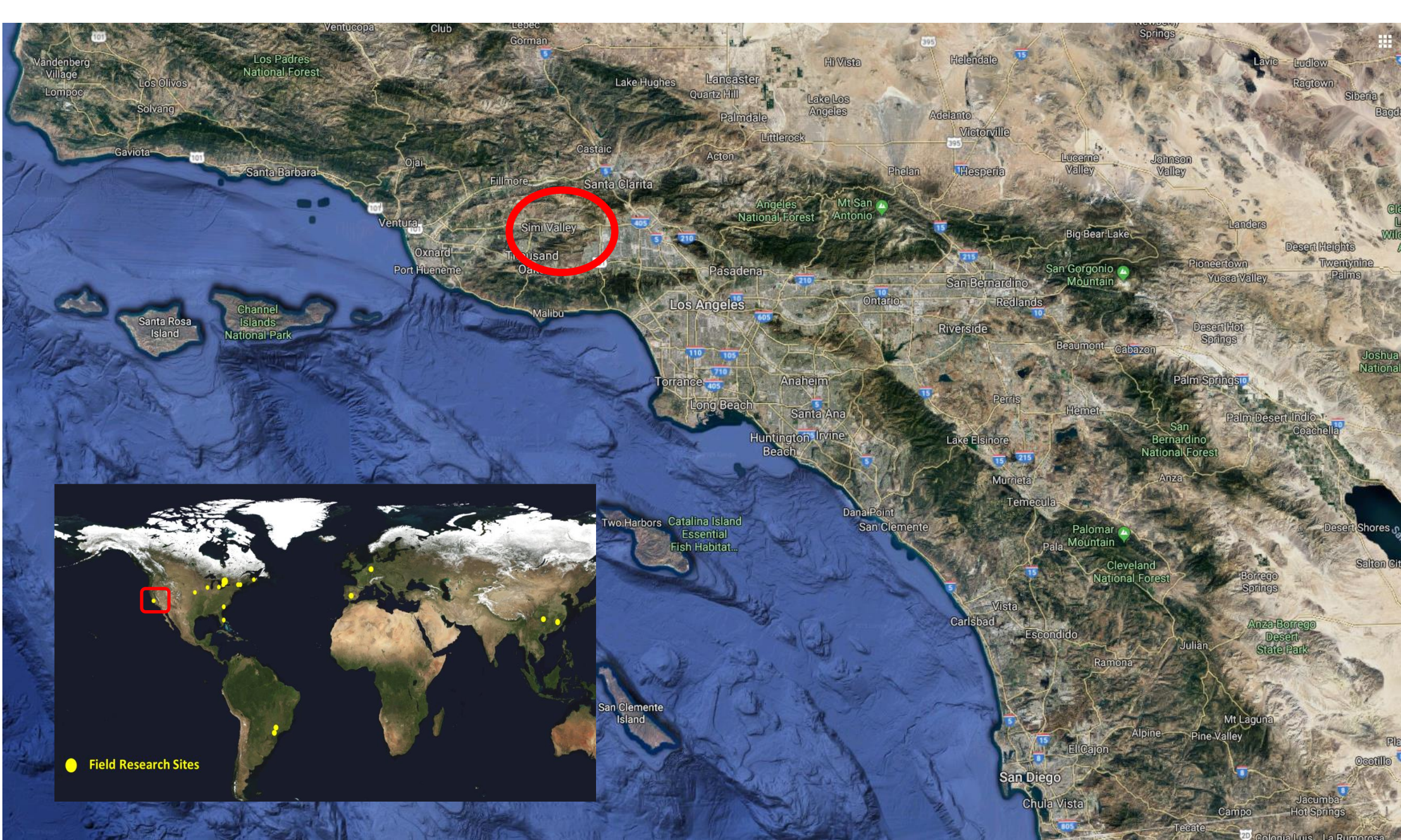




SIMPLER SCENARIO

- ROTARY HOLE (NO CORE)
- BASIC GEOPHYSICS / HYDRO-GEOPHYSICS
- STANDPIPE MONITORS

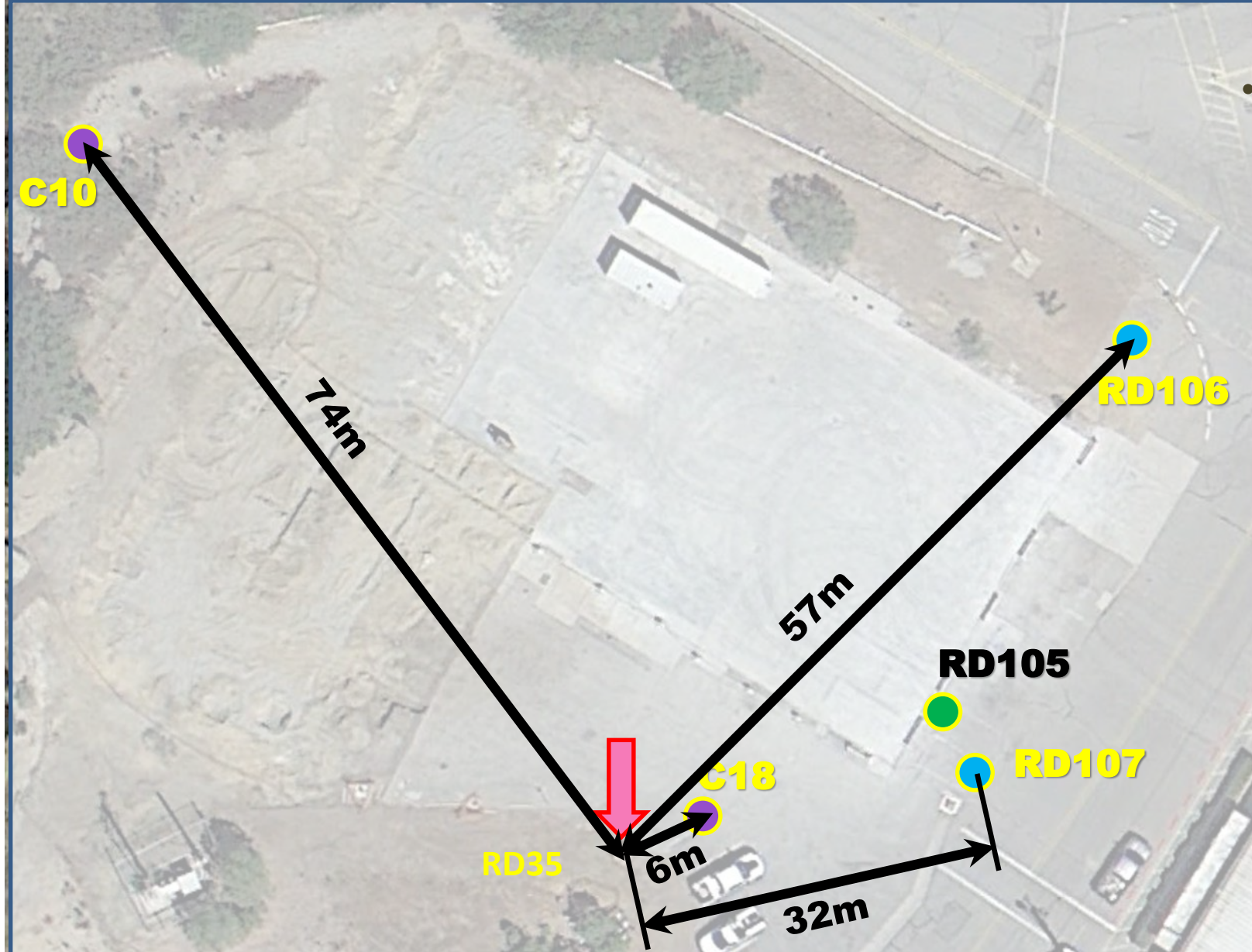




HEAT TRACER TEST IN FRACTURED SANDSTONE AT AN ISCO PILOT TEST SITE



• Test Boreholes



KEY COMPONENT OF TRACER TEST DESIGN

- Characterization of Boreholes with DFN Technique
- **As continuous (temporal & spatial) thermal monitoring as possible**
- Comparison of pressure and temperature effects of Injection
- **DESIGN MULTILEVEL SYSTEM TO INTERCEPT PERMANGANATE INJECTION**

Lined Borehole

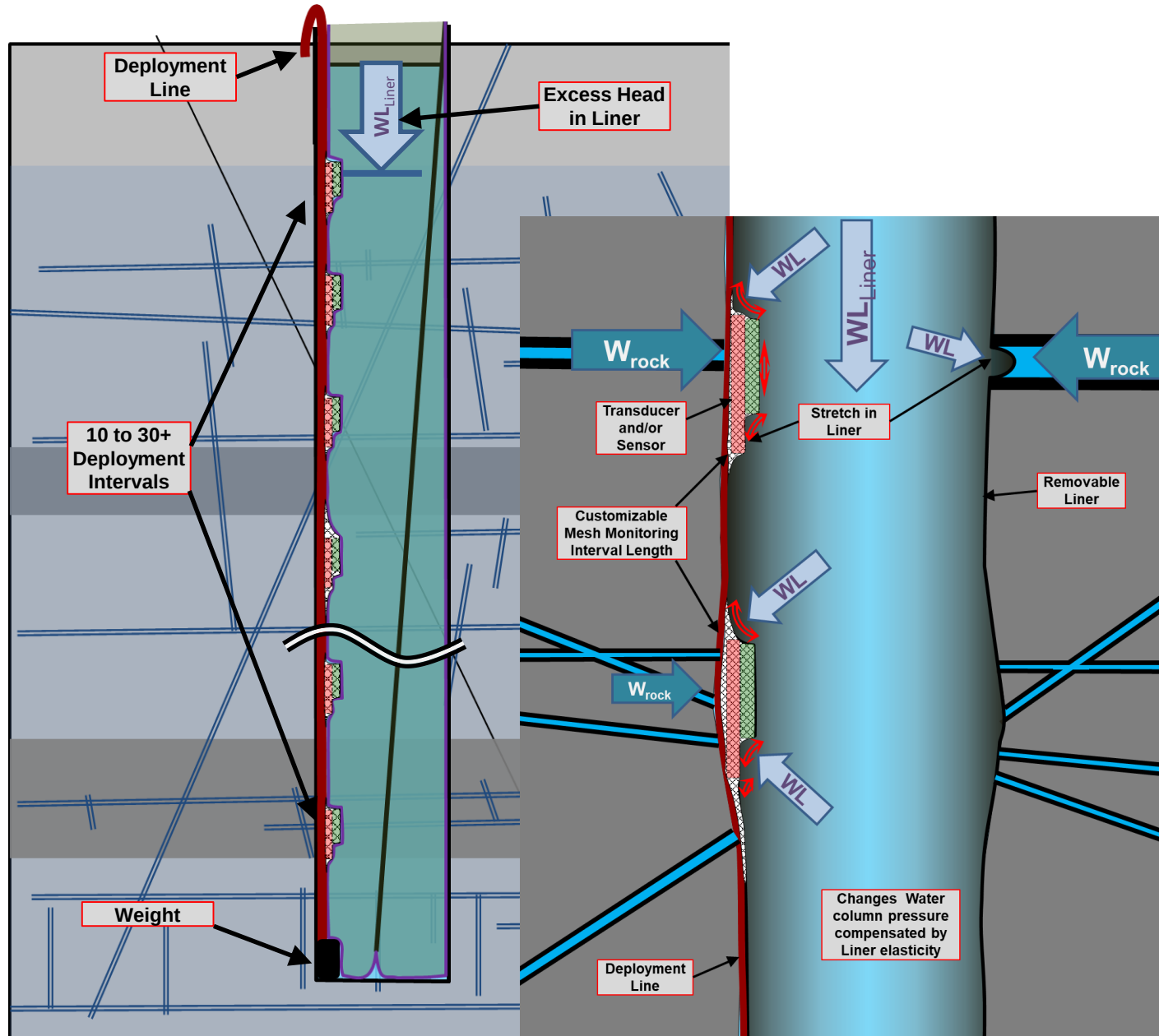
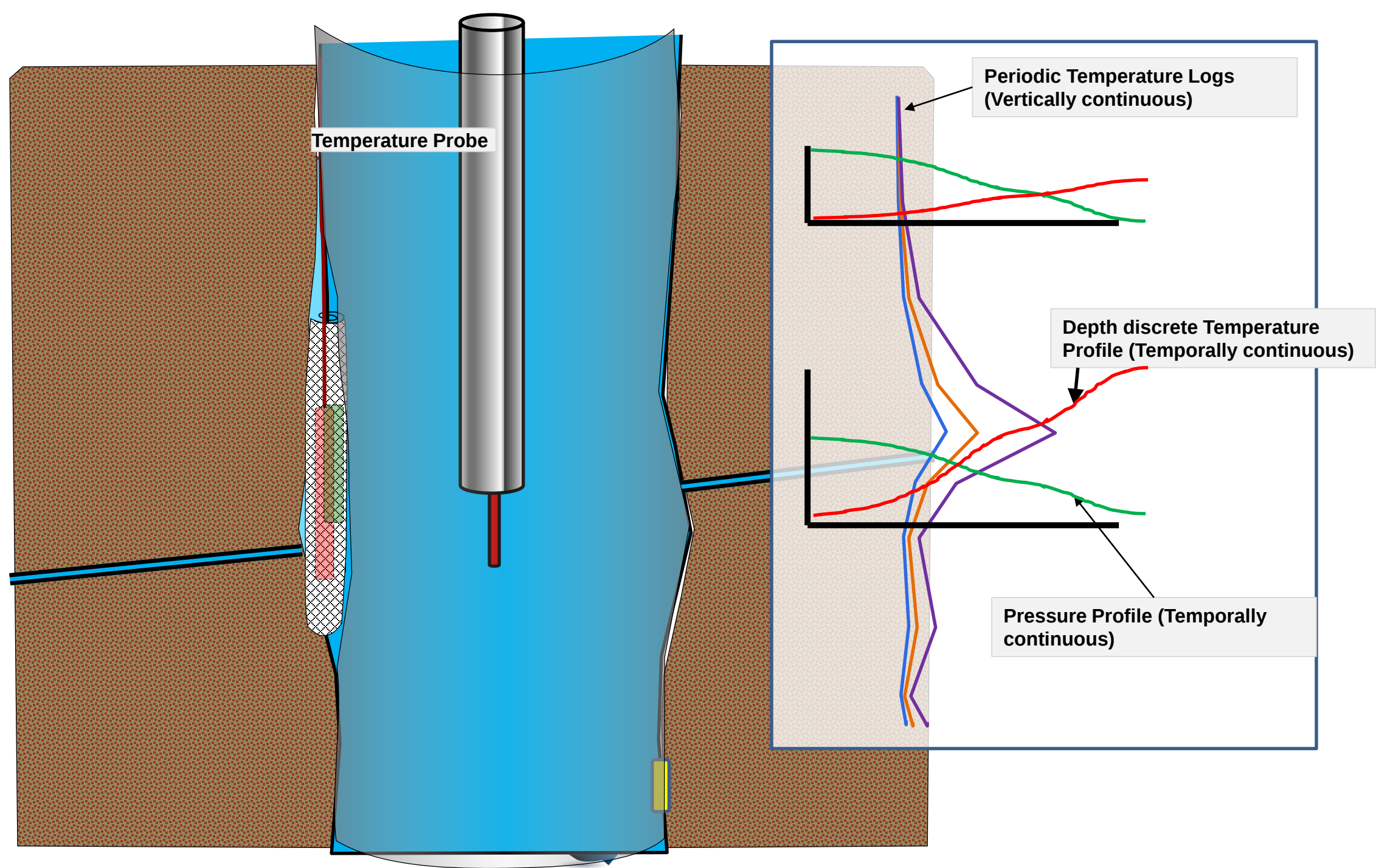
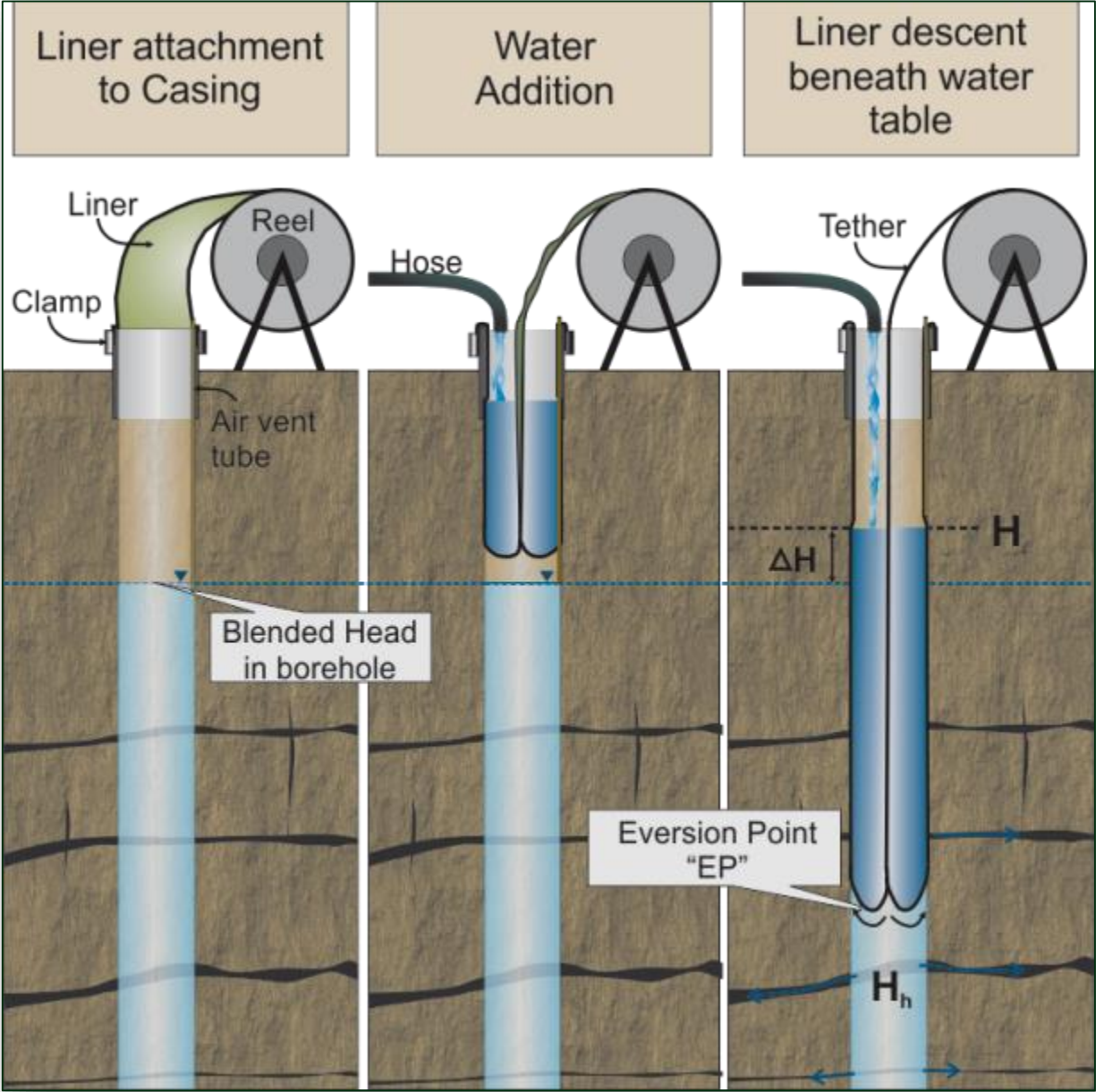
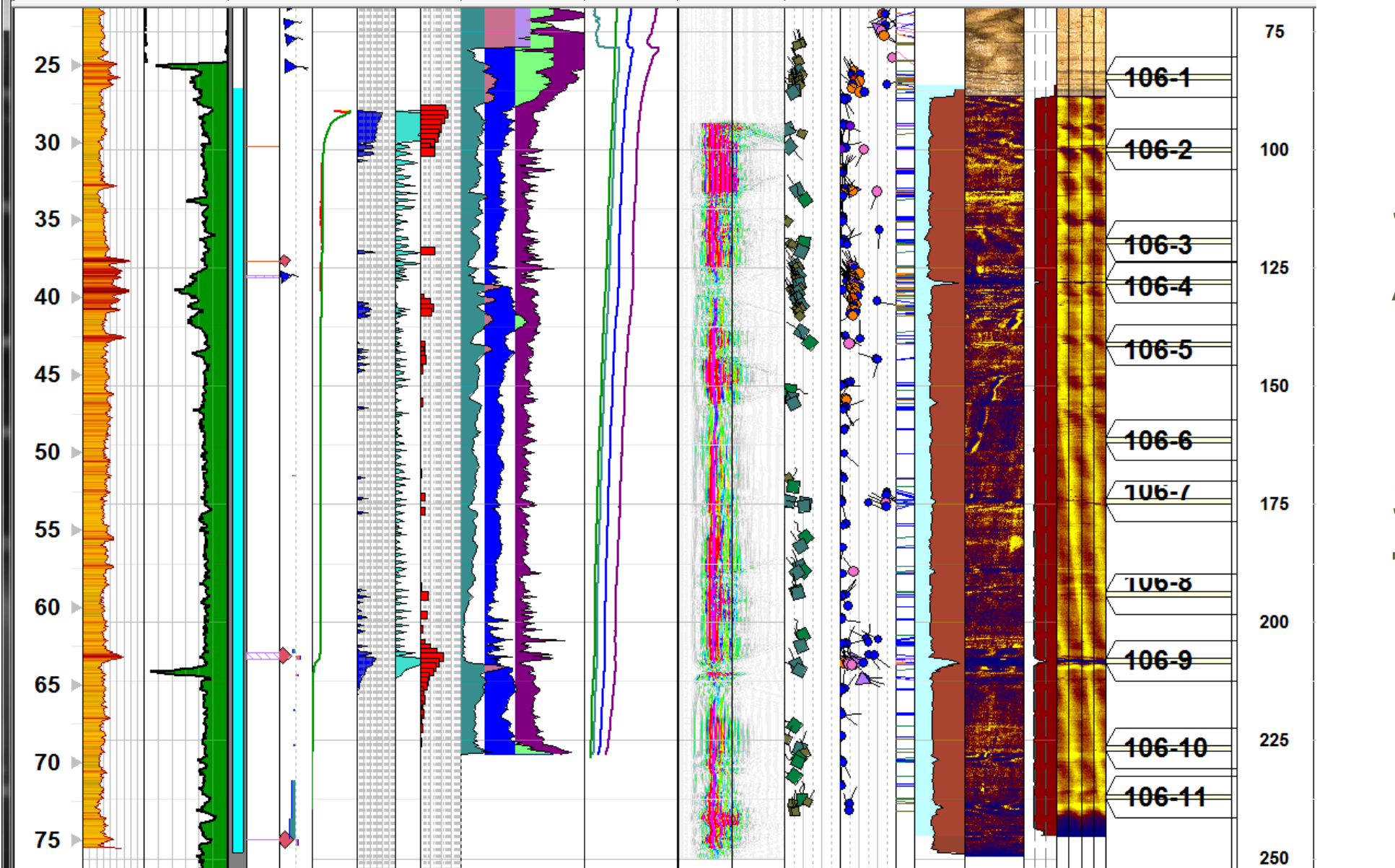
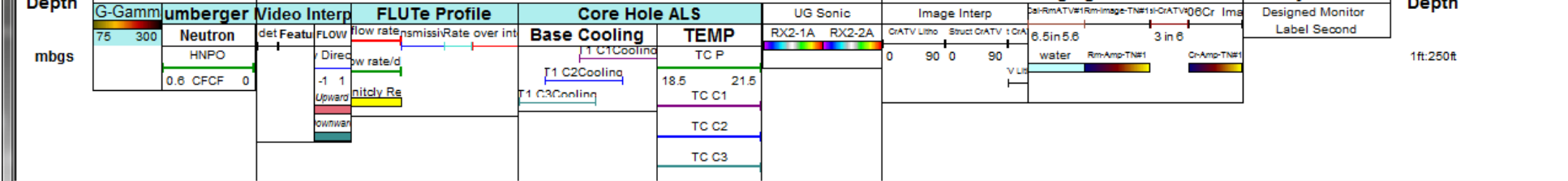


Figure 1



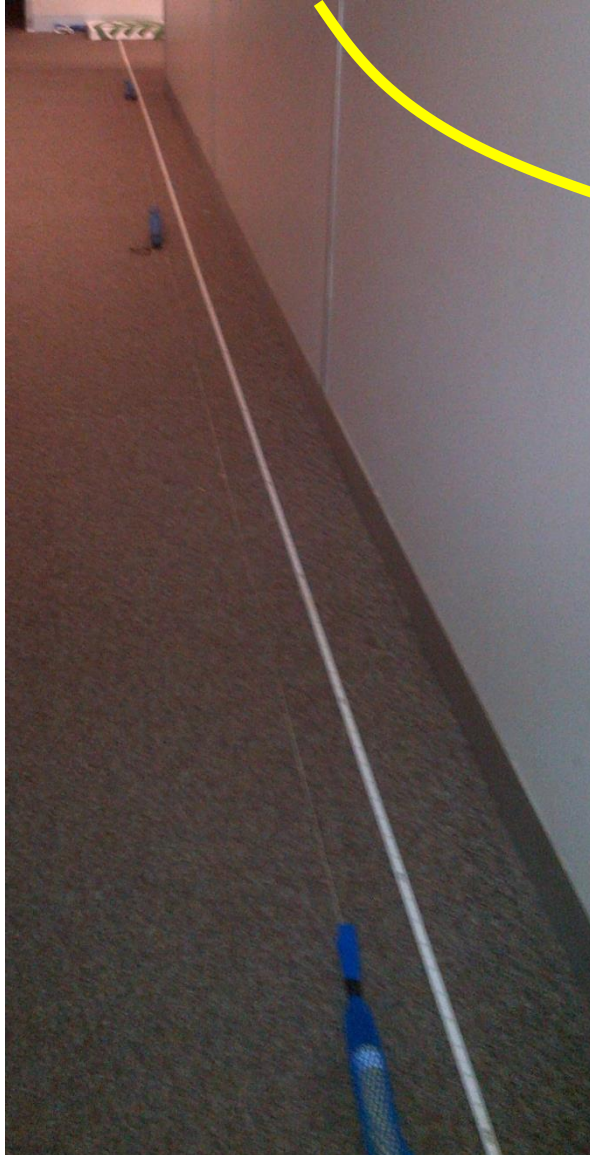
WATER FLUTE INSTALLATION





SENSOR ARRAY TEST INTERVALS BASED DFN SUITE OF TECHNIQUES

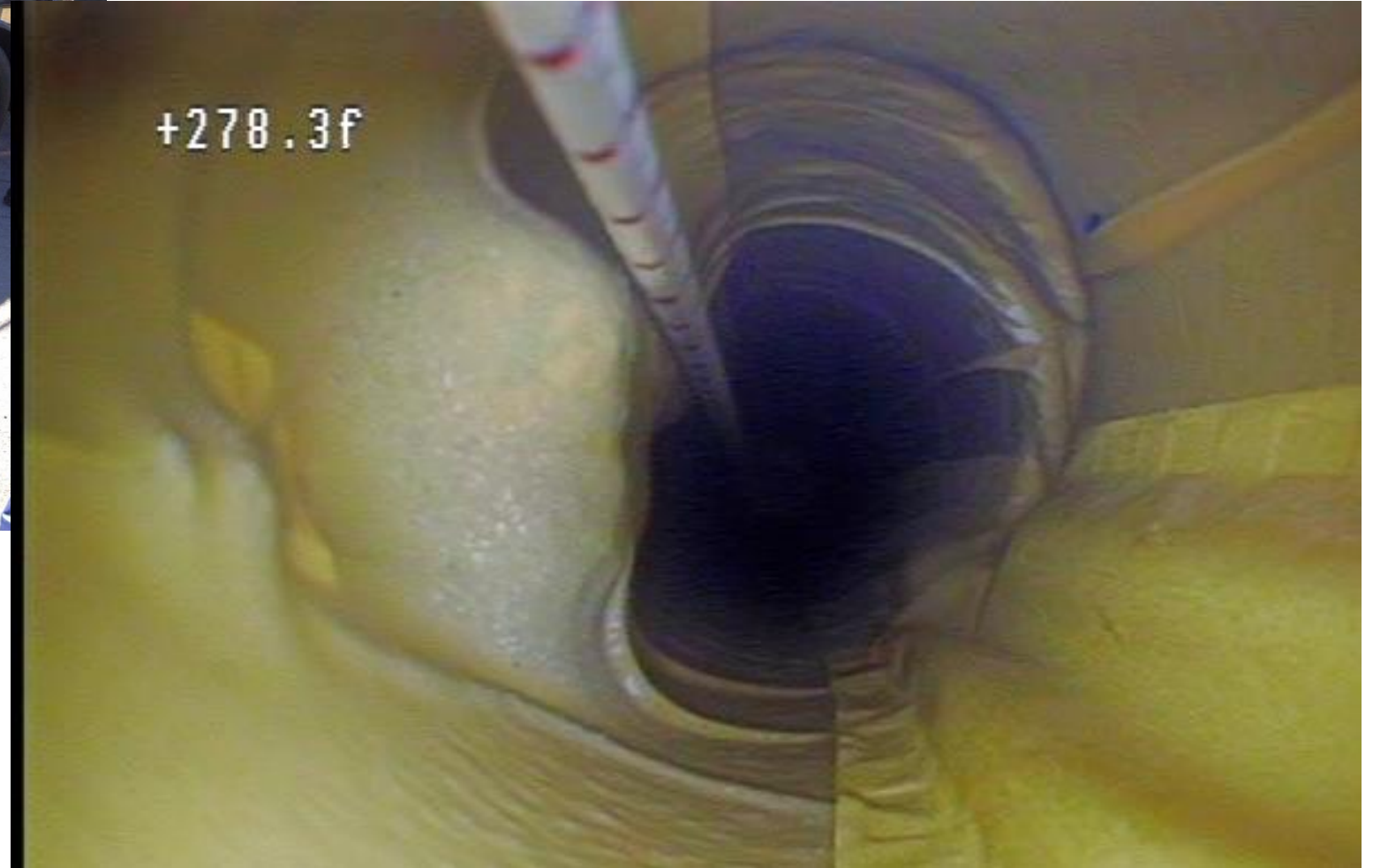
MONITORING INTERVALS PAIRED SWS DIVER & RBR T-PROBE



RD106 OPEN DEPTH REFINEMENT



HOLES LINED & SENSOR DEPTH CONFIRMED



INJECTION DETAILS



2 gal/min
4 Days (5760 min)
11,520 gal (43.6m³)
@ 36°C (19.6°C ambient)
>3mil KJ of Heat Energy



6 Feb 0930

4 Day Inj.

10 Feb 0930

Cont. T-Logging

15 Feb

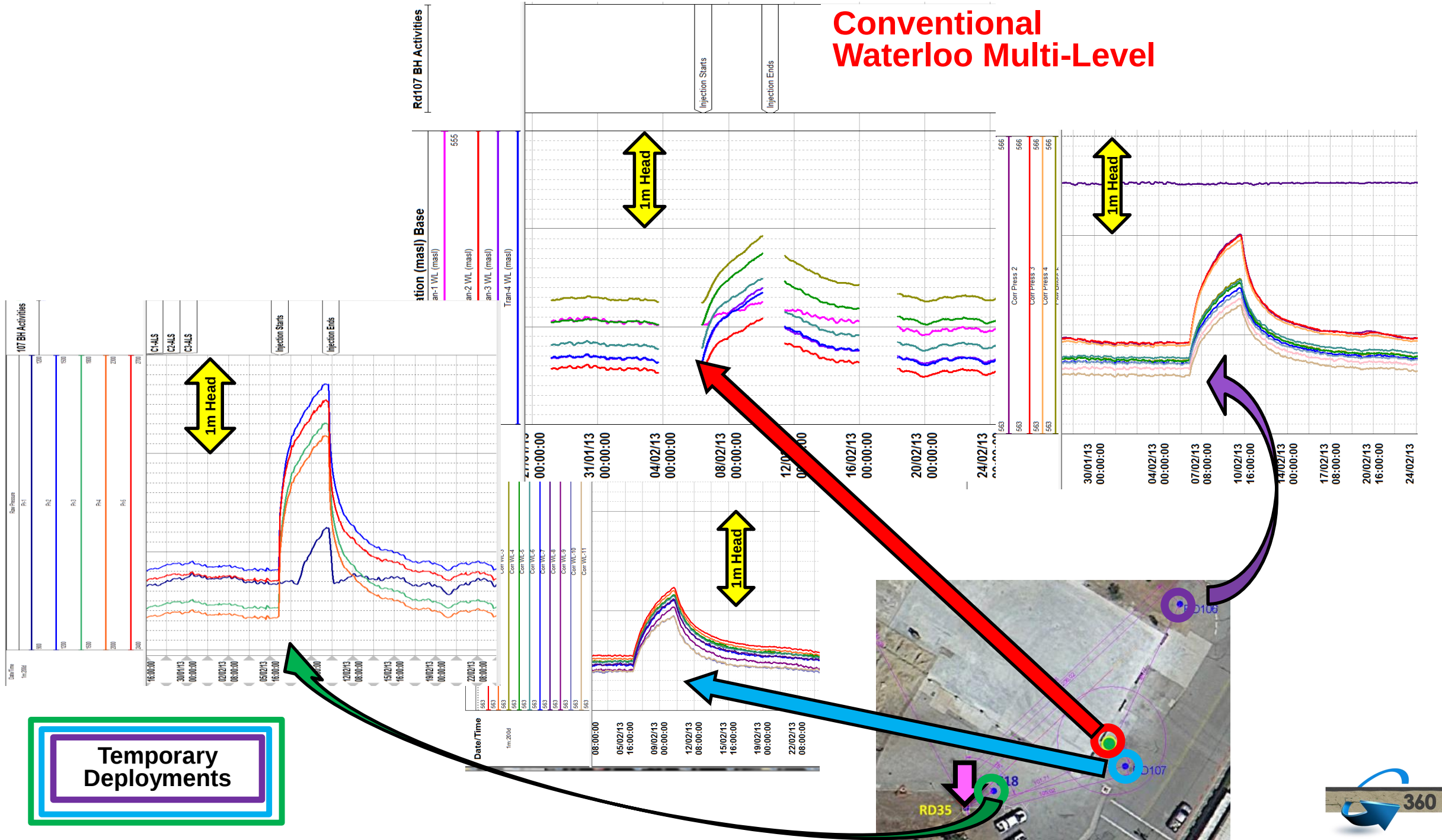
25 Feb

23 Mar

8 Apr

Continuous Deployment (2min Press ; 10s Temp)

Conventional Waterloo Multi-Level



Temporary Deployments

DIVER RESULTS

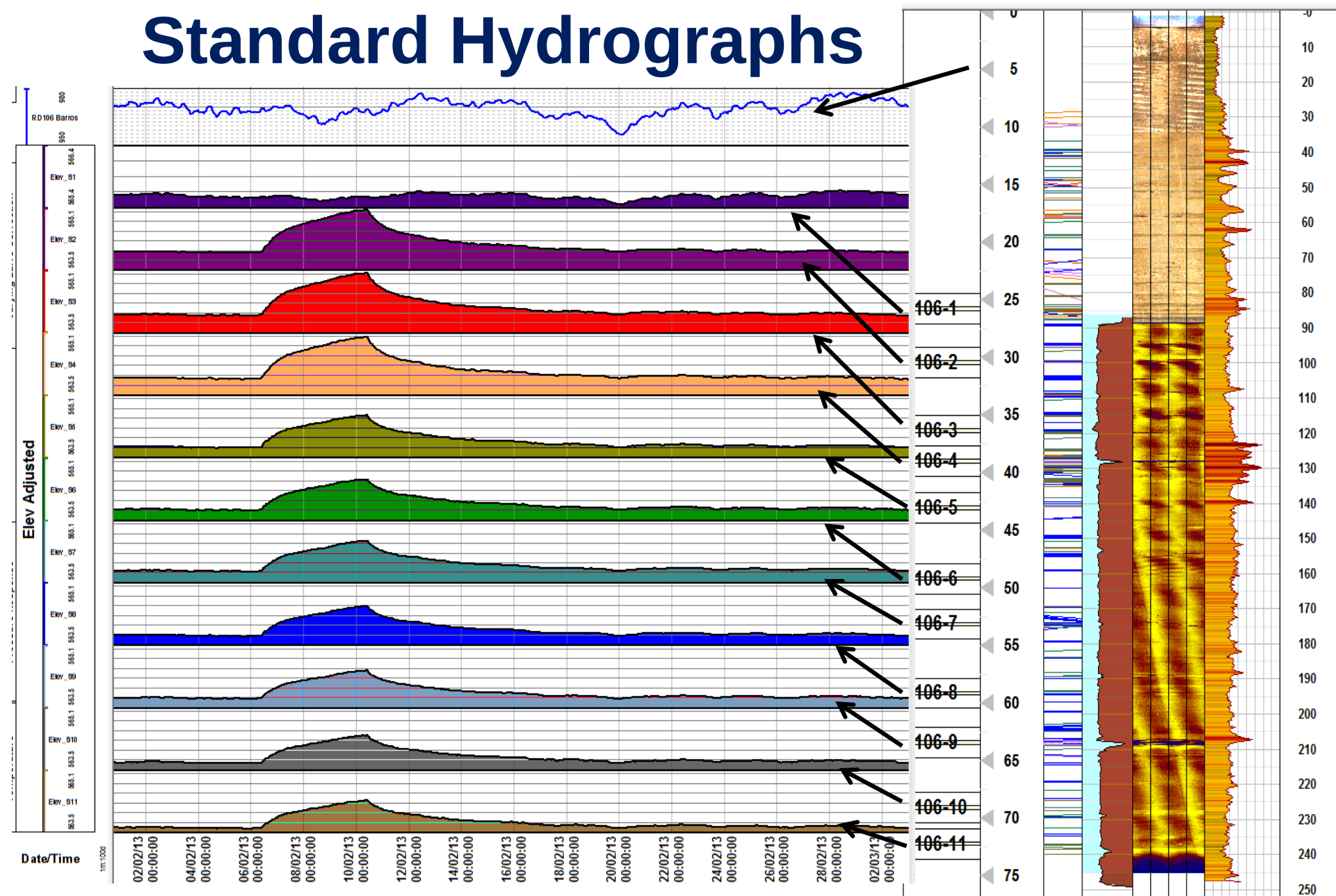
Inj Mon.
Designed Monitor
Label Second

Depth
mbgs

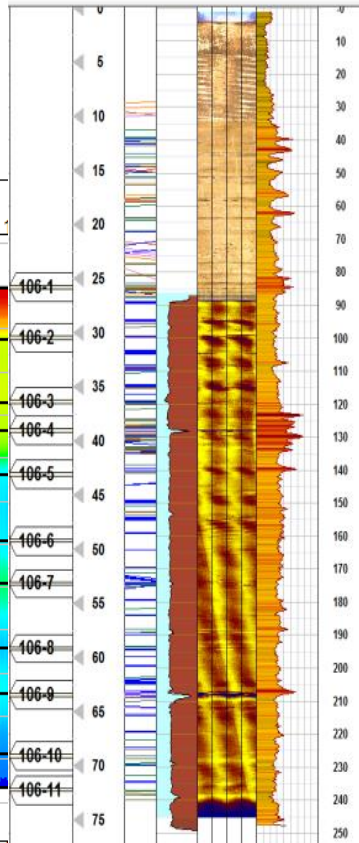
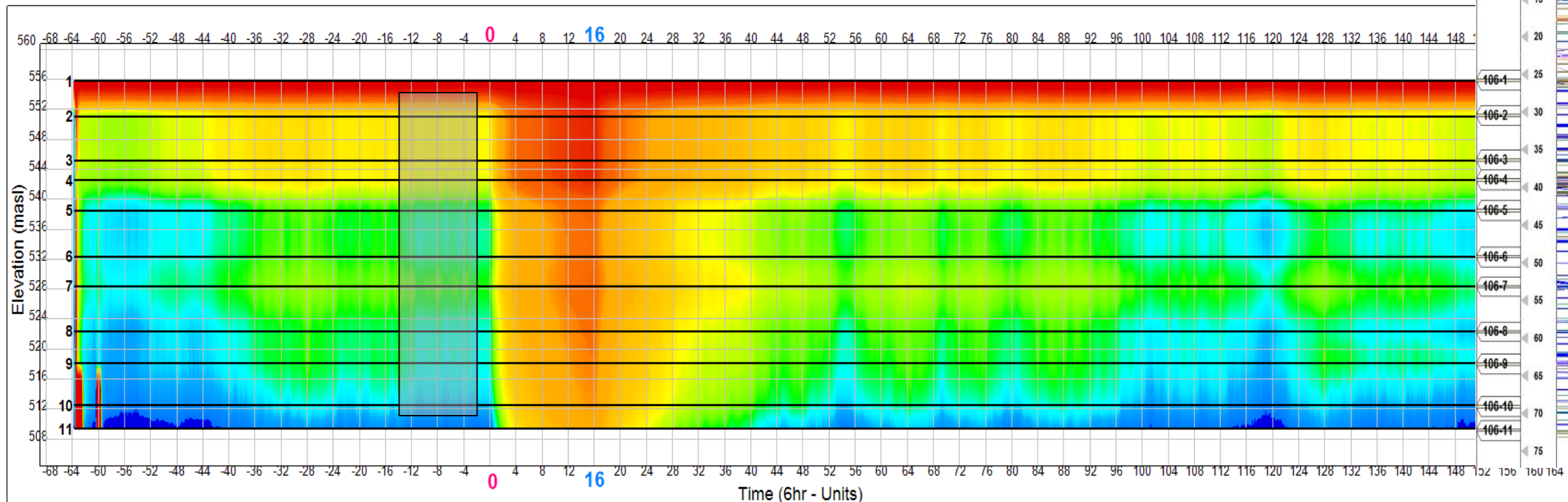
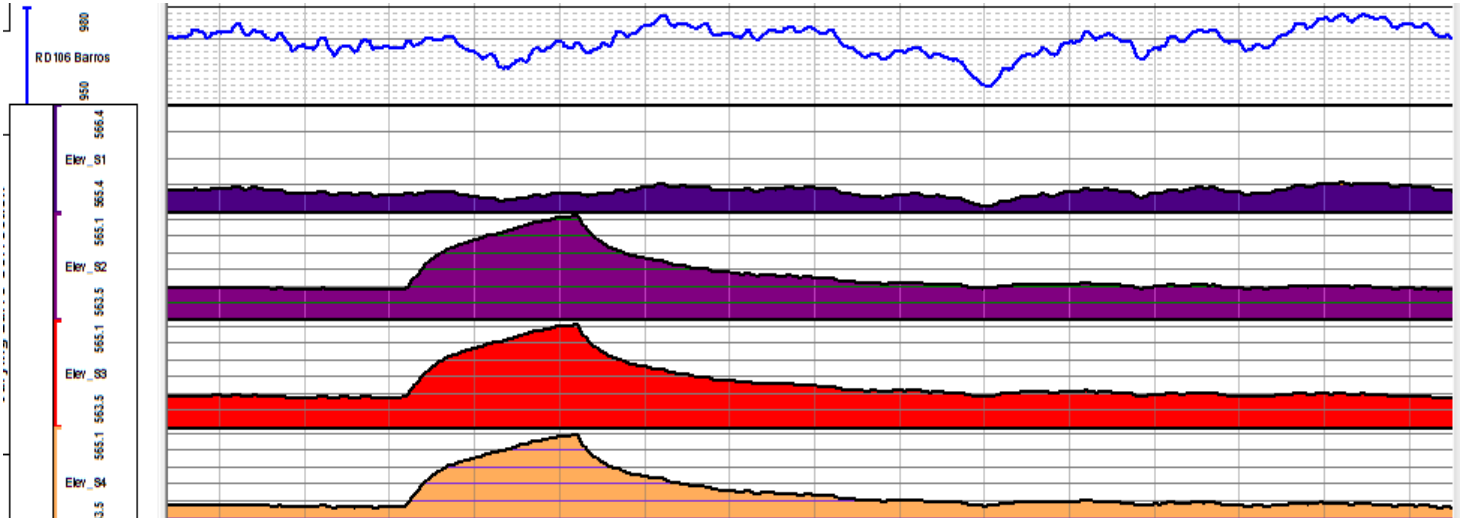
Imaging		UG-Gamma	
Image Interp	CE-RNATM	R106Cr Image	75 cps 300
Start DATM	6.6 in 5.6 0° 90° 180° 270° 0°	ChumpTMI	
270° 90°	water		
DATV Line R	0° 90° 180° 270° 0°		
270° 90°			

Depth
18.250ft

Standard Hydrographs



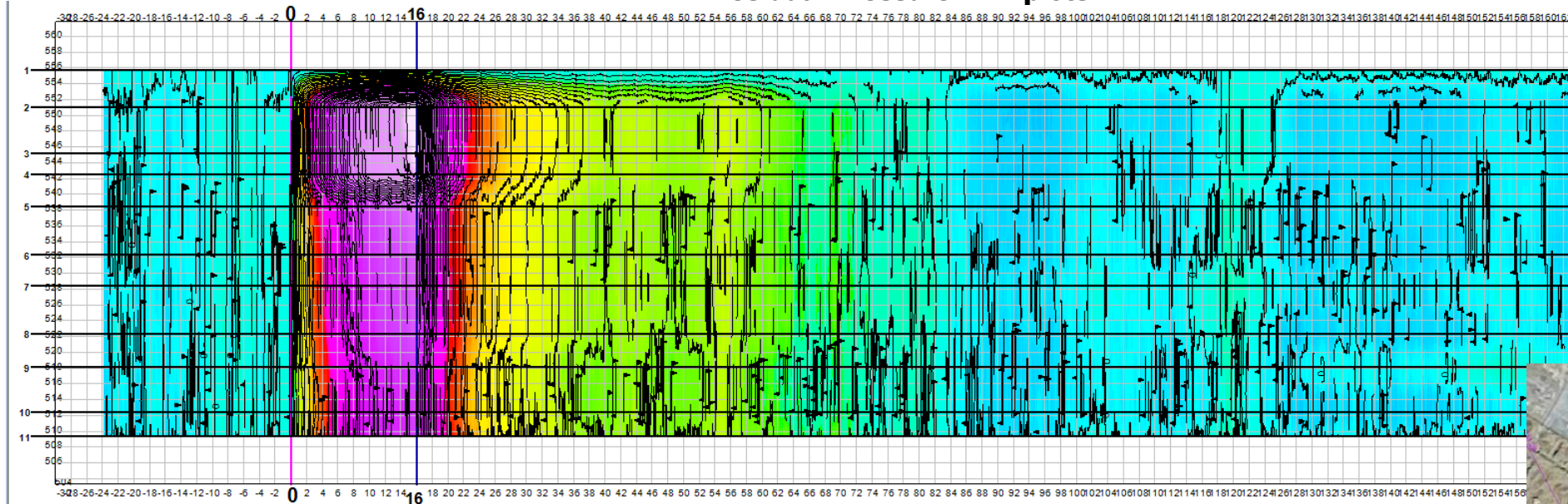
TIME-ELEVATION-HEAD (TEH) RD106



RD106

Response to Injection

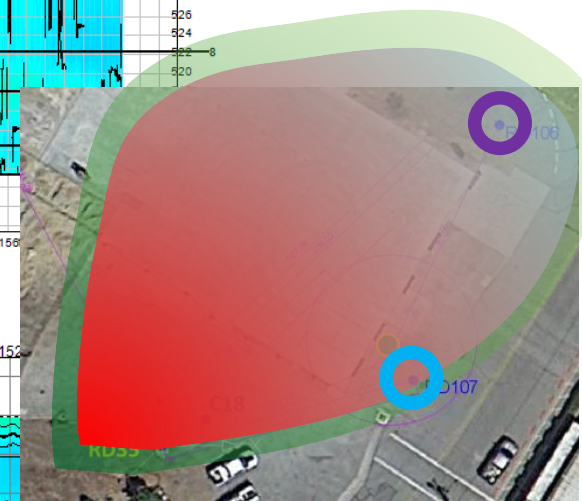
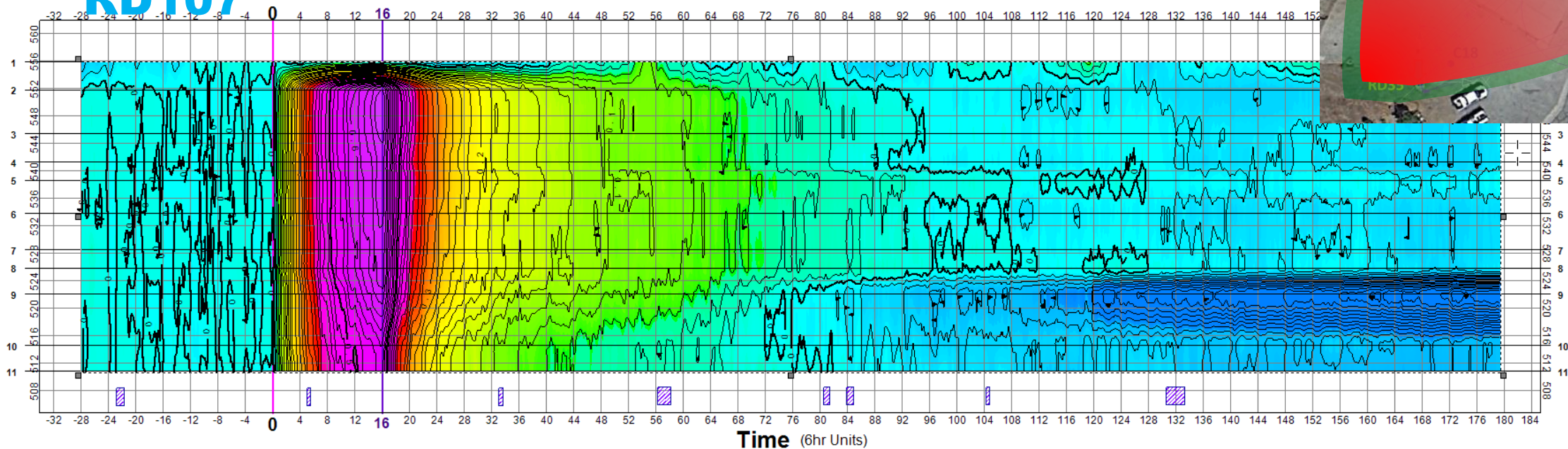
Residual Pressure TEH plots

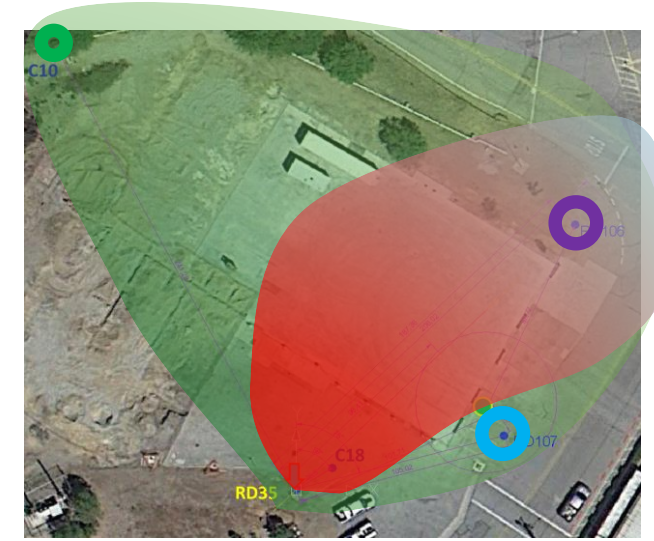
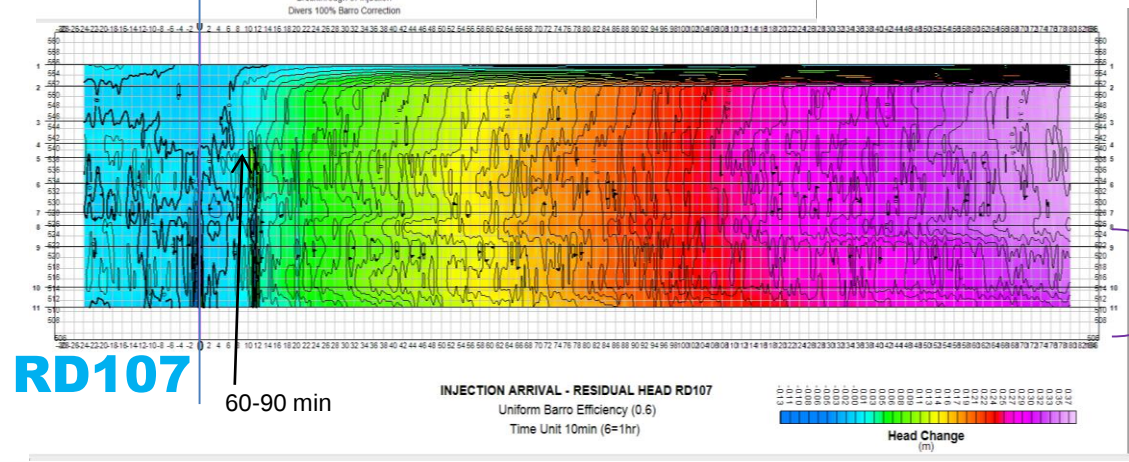
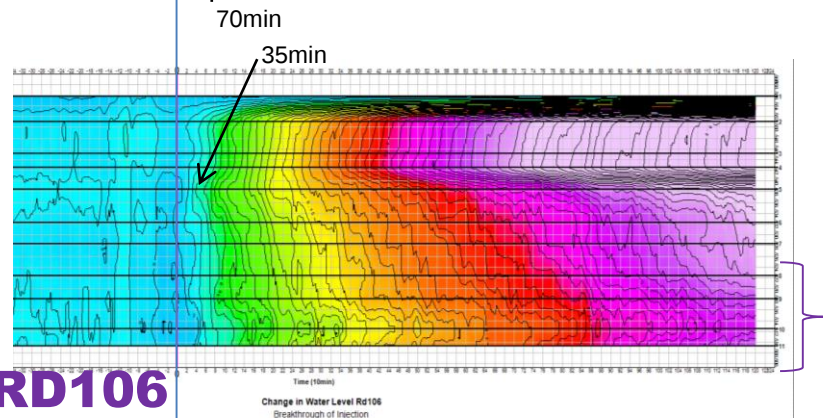
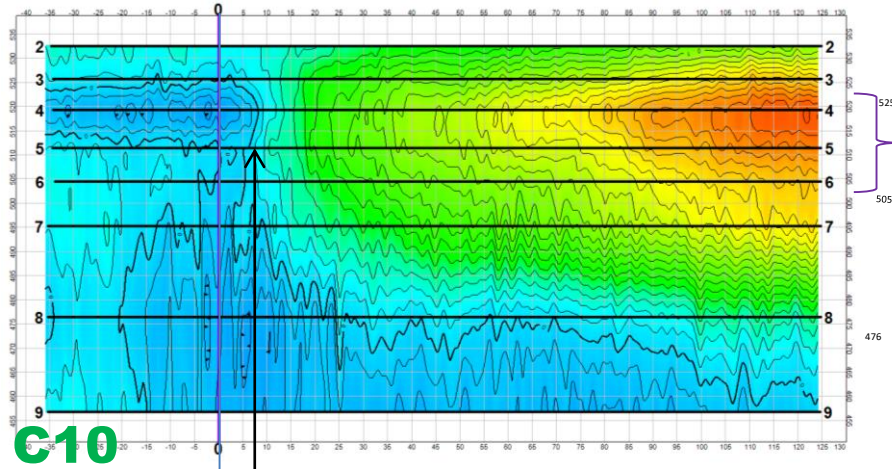


2 gal/min
4 Days (5760 min)
11,520 gal (43.6m³)
@ 36°C (19.6°C ambient)

>3mil KJ of Heat Energy

RD107

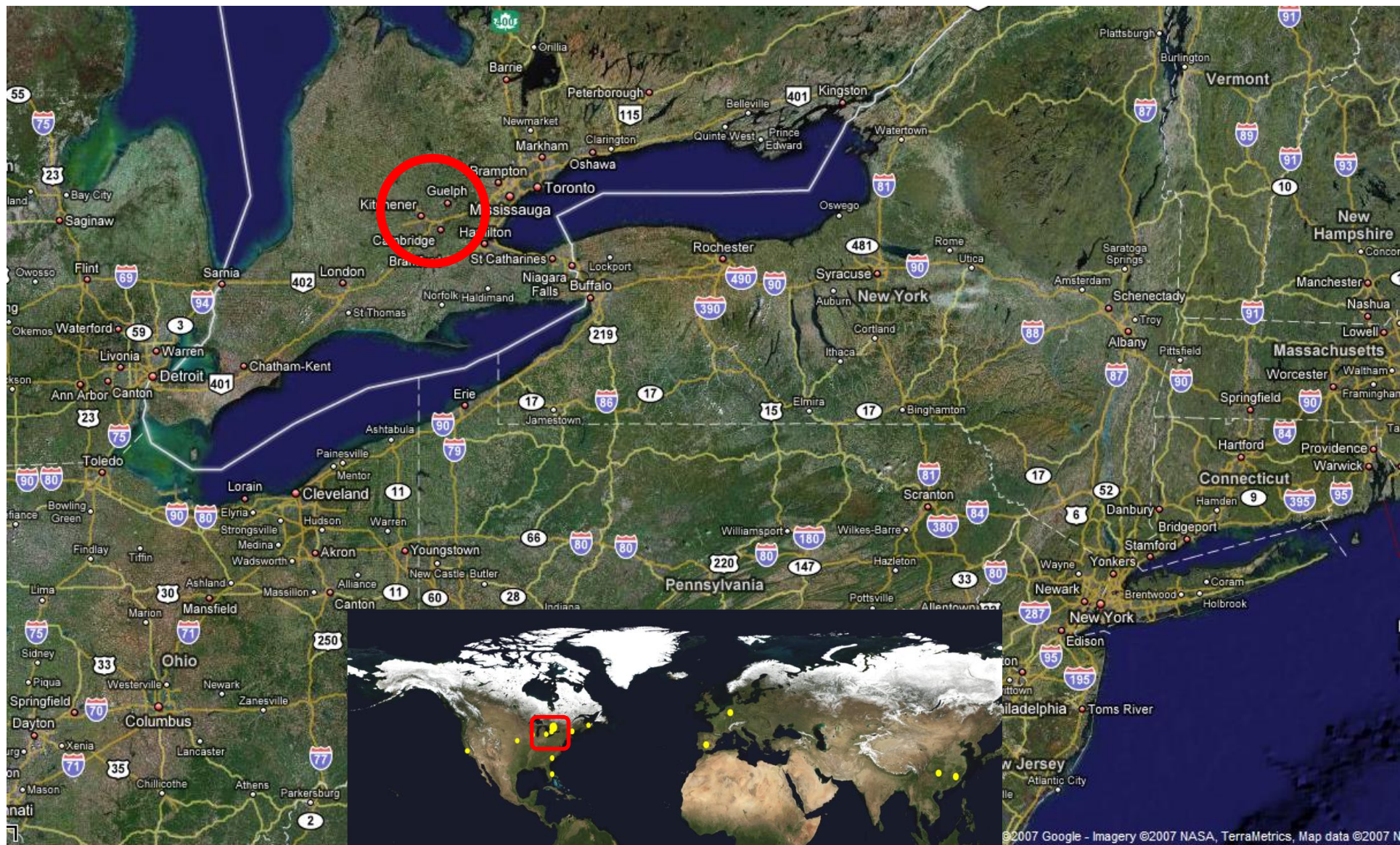




Arrival Residual Pressure TEH plots

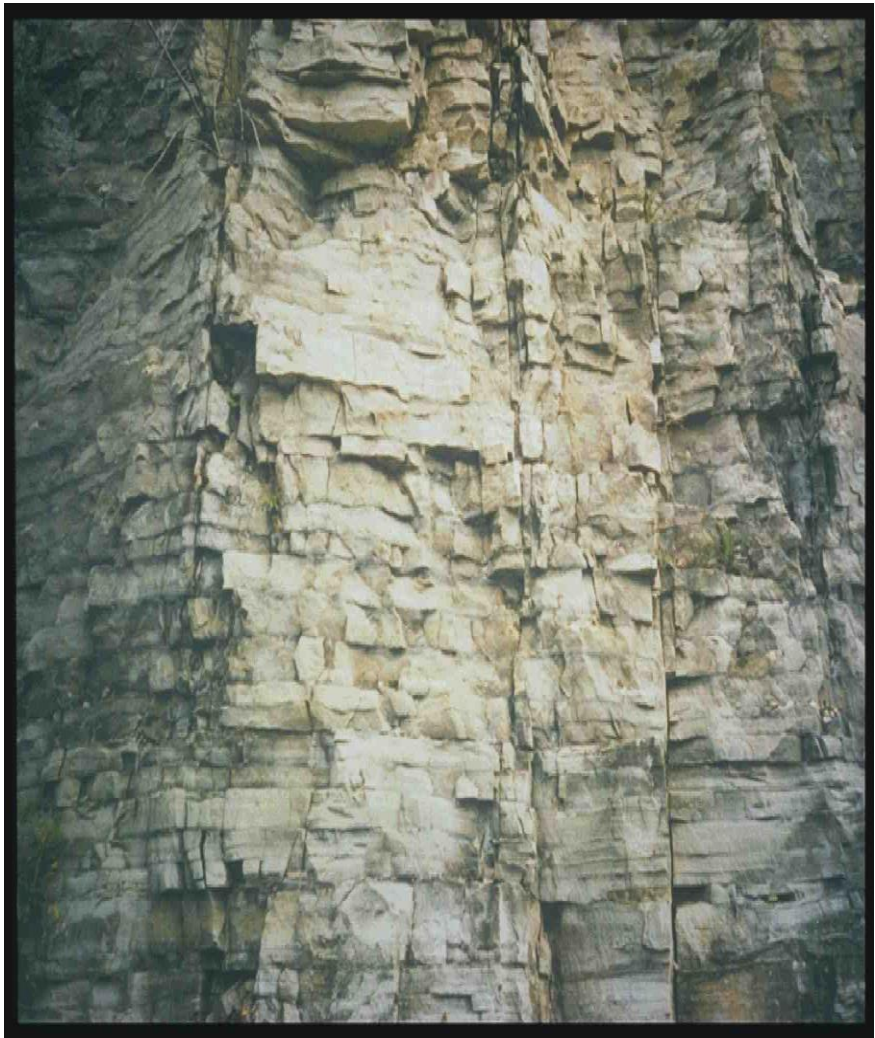
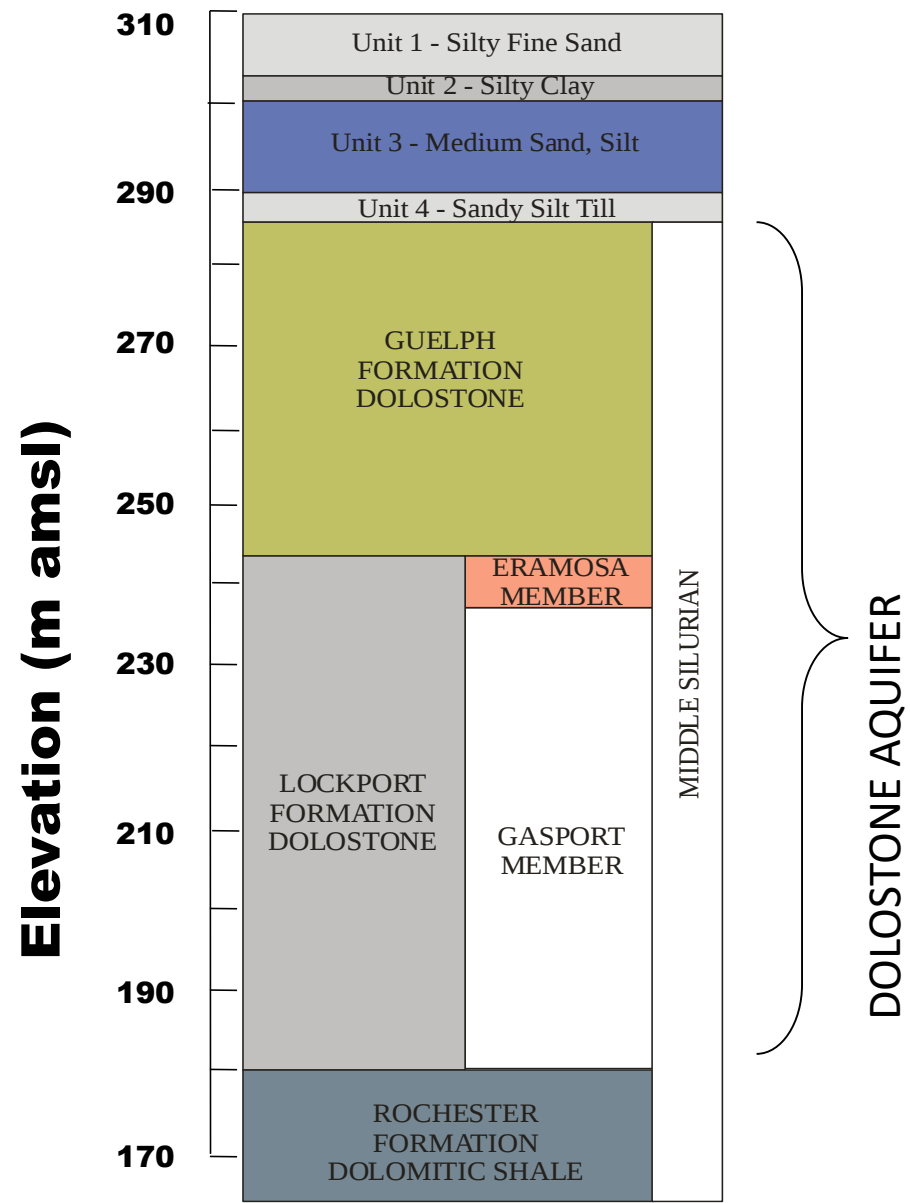
Breakthrough of the pressure pulse

- as early as 35min in RD106, and
- as late as 80-90min at RD107.
- C10 is as early as 70min and as late as 250min
- Both C10 and RD106 have some depth variation but RD107 is uniform in time

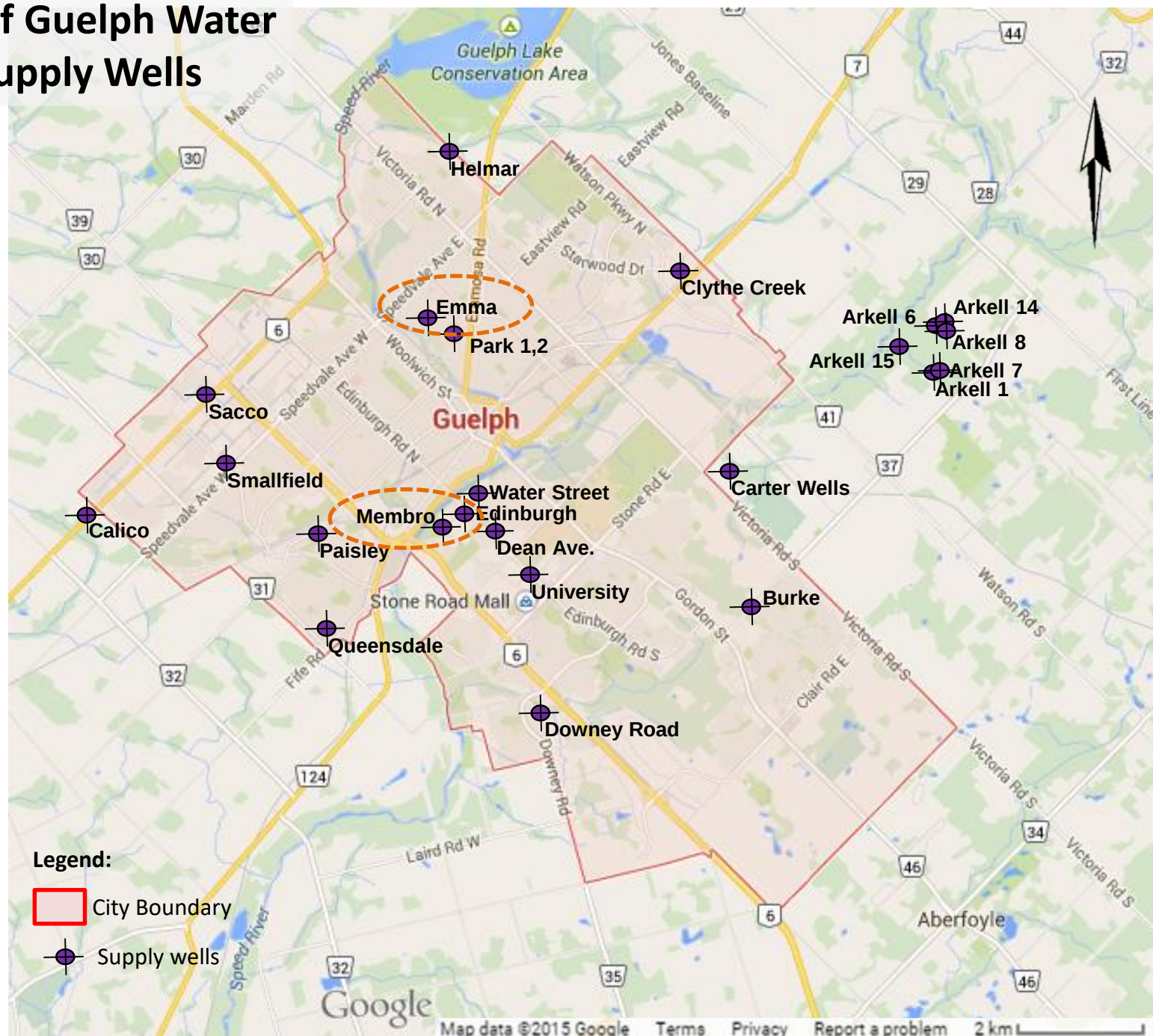


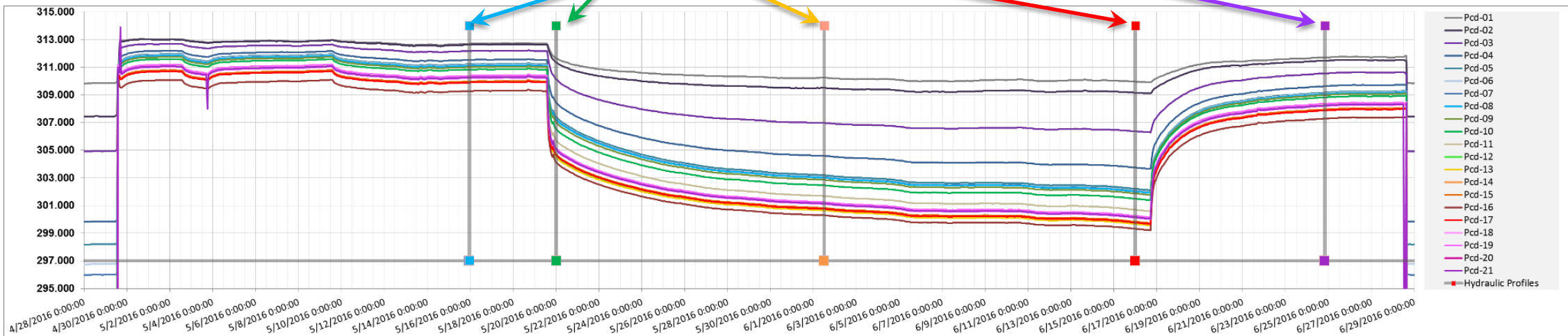
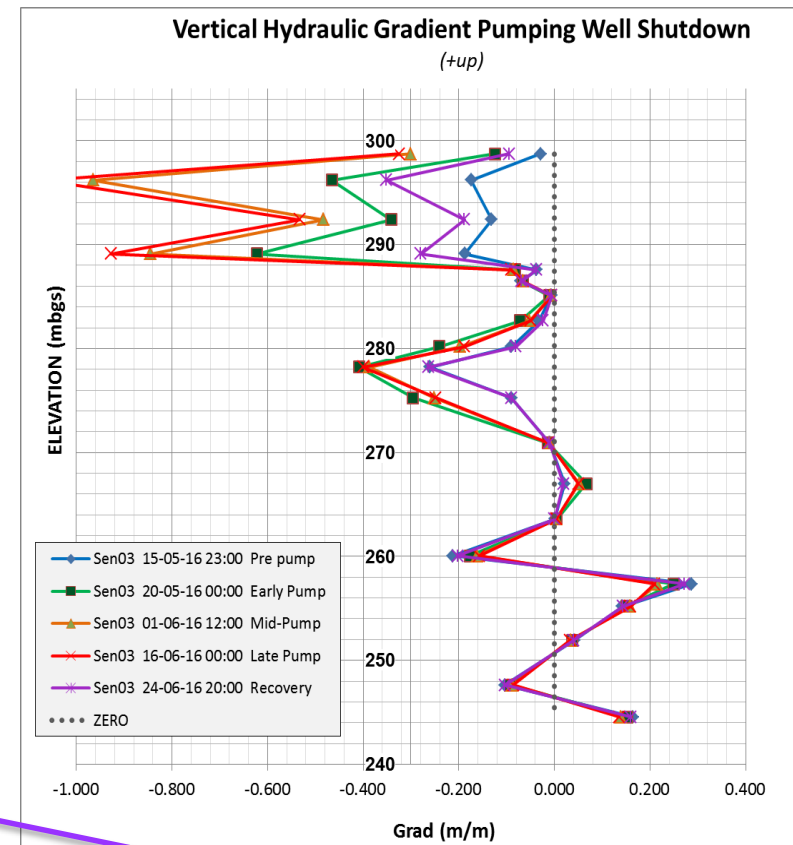
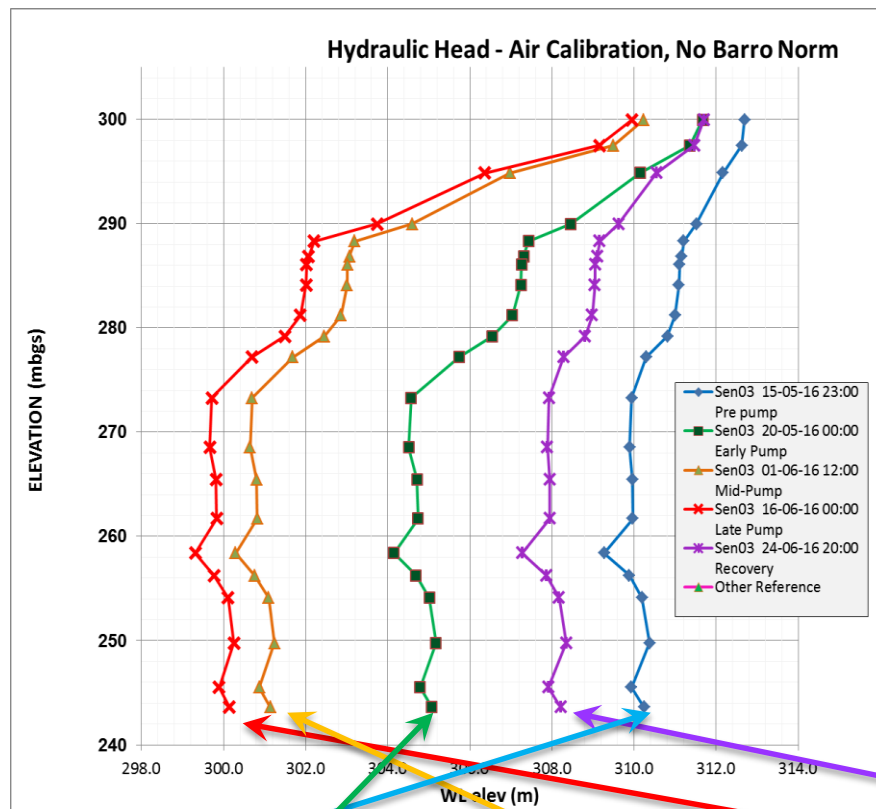
● Field Research Sites

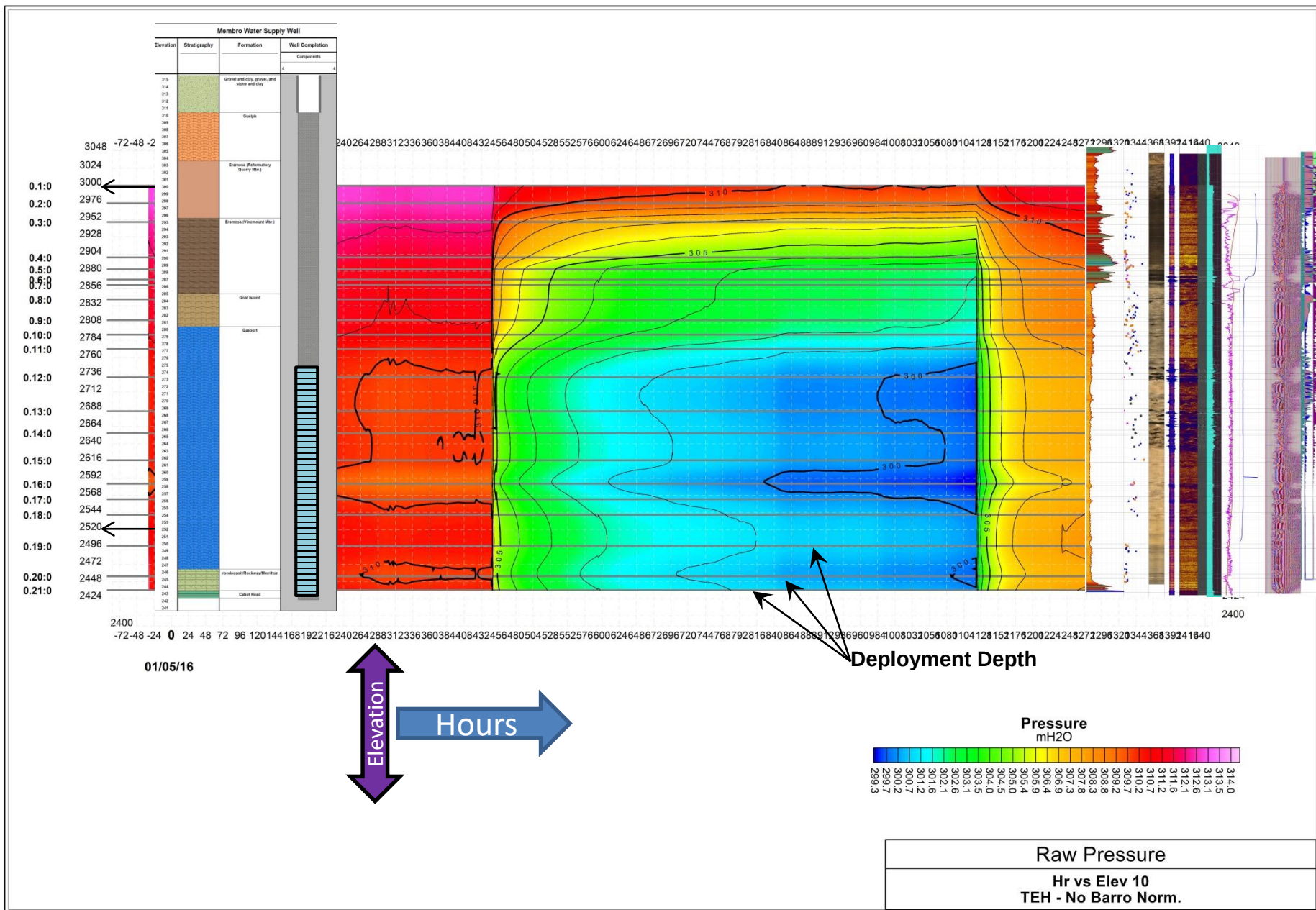
DOLOSTONE AQUIFER BENEATH QUATERNARY DEPOSITS



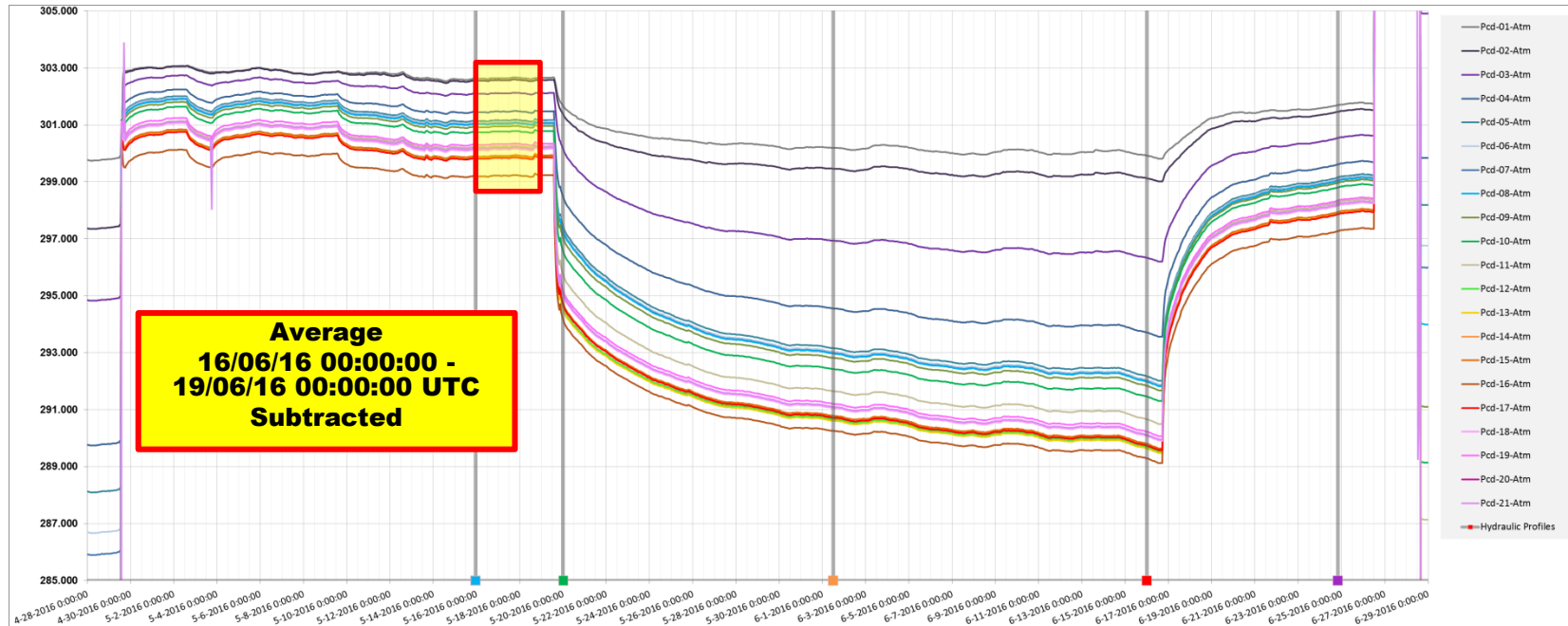
City of Guelph Water Supply Wells



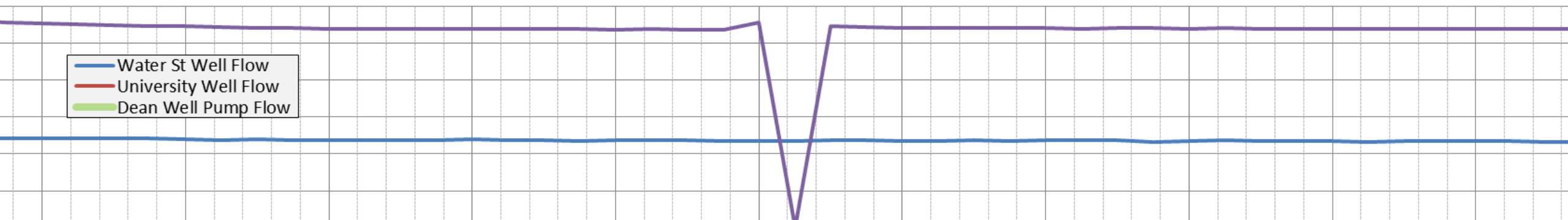
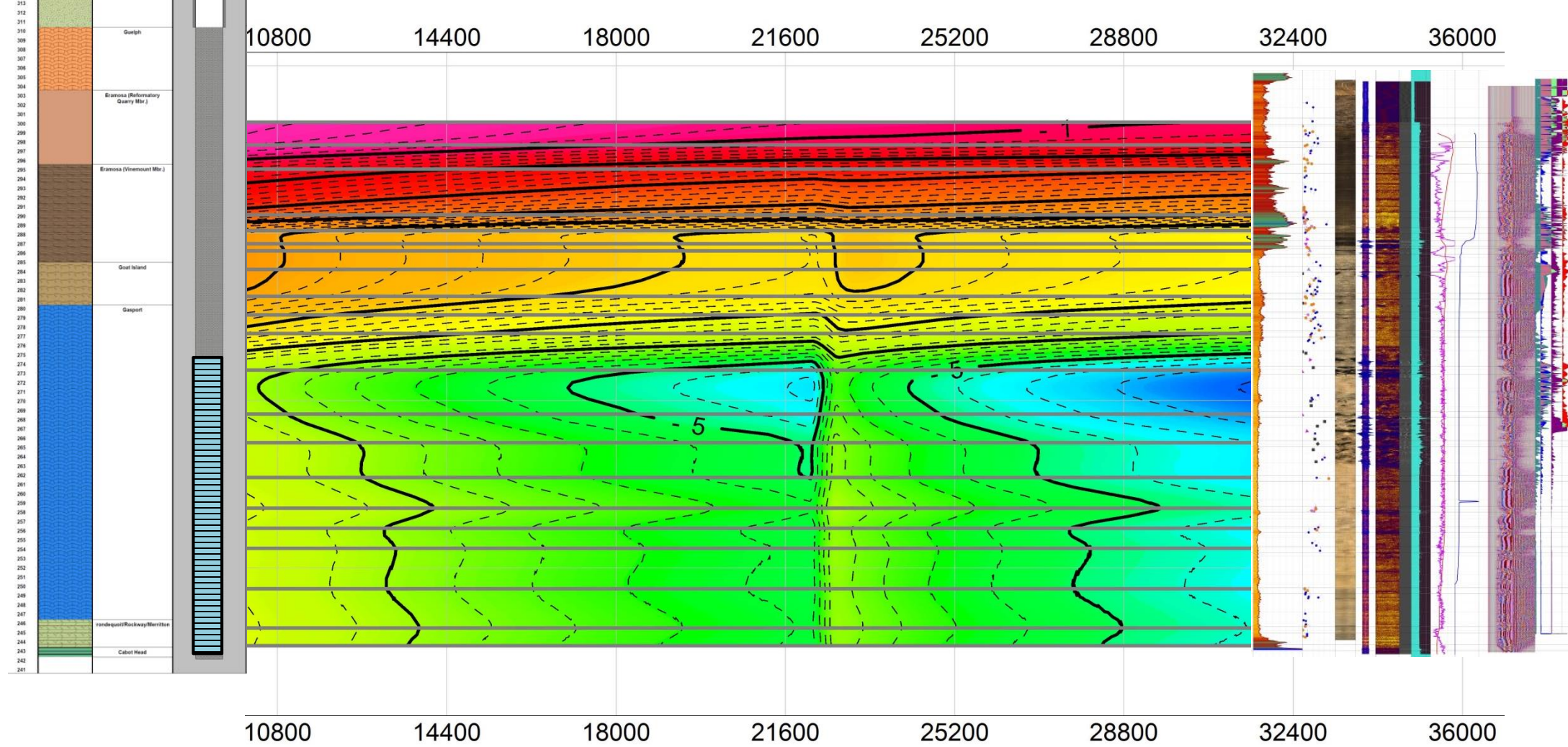


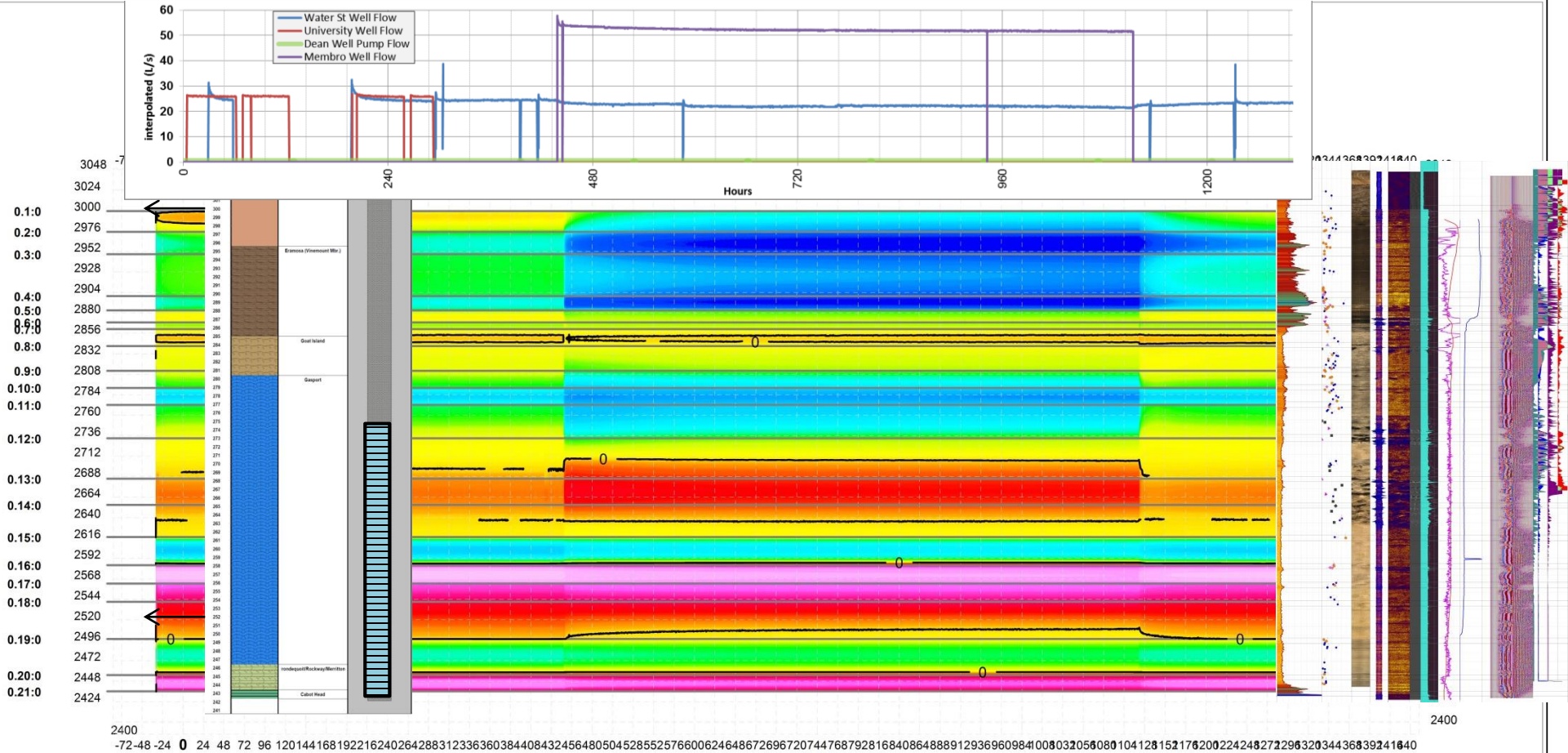


Sentry Well Pump Test as Time-Elevation-Head



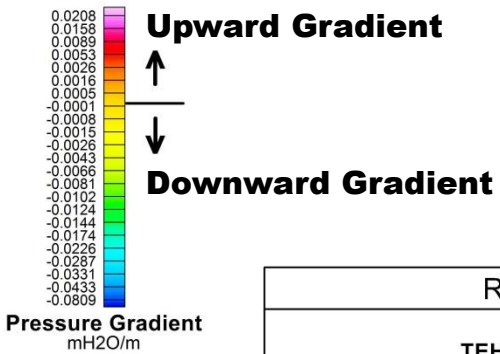
Sentry Well 03 City Pump Test Identifying “Background” for Residual calculations



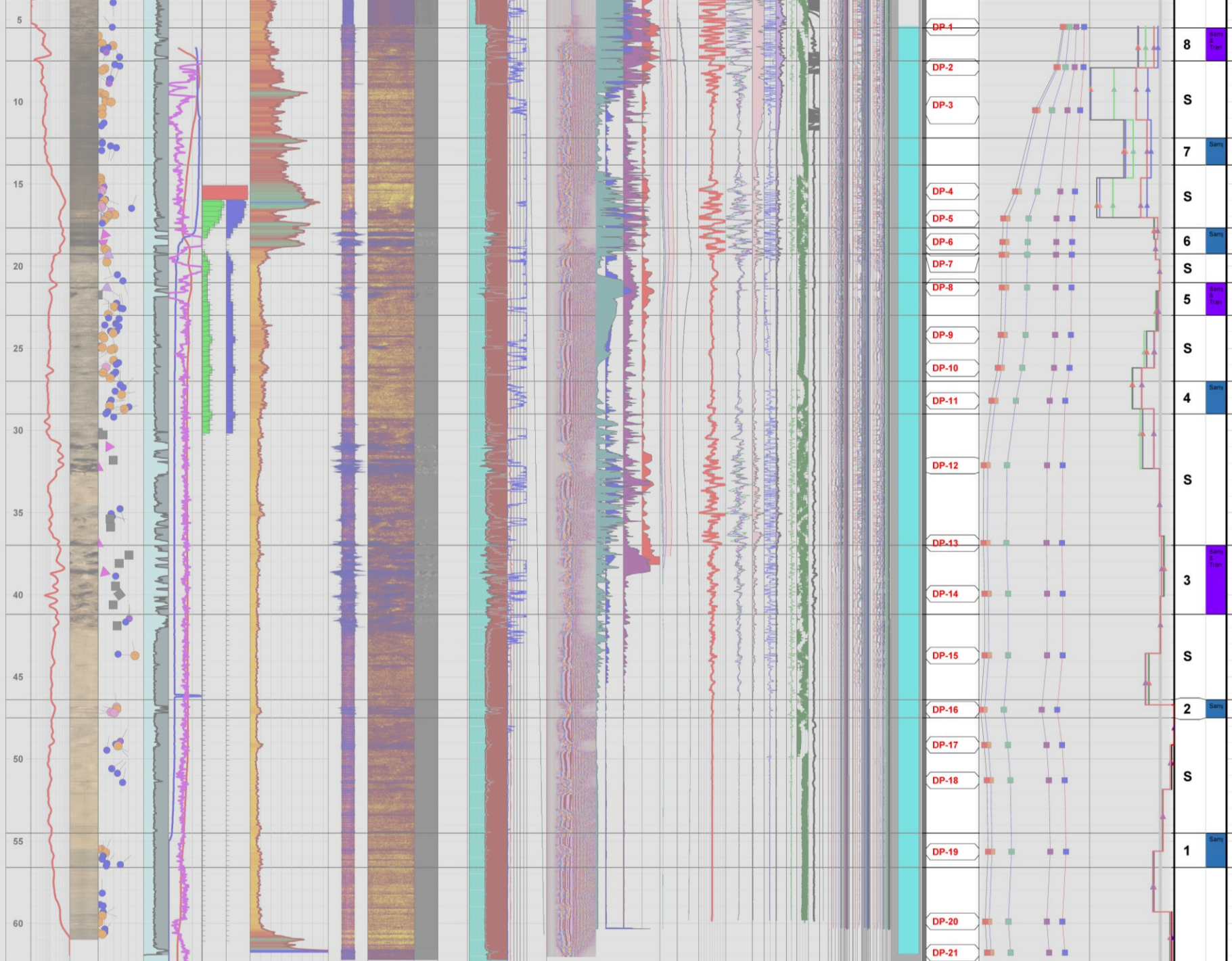


2400
-72 -48 -24 0 24 48 72 96 120 144 168 192 216 240 264 288 312 336 360 384 408 432 456 480 504 528 552 576 600 624 648 672 696 720 744 768 792 816 840 864 888 912 936 960 984 1008 1032 1056 1080 1104 1128 1152 1176 1200 1224 1248 1272 1296 1320 1344 1368 1392 1416 1440

01/05/16



Raw Pressure
Hr vs Elev 10
TEH - No Barro Norm.



MLS Design

21 Deployments



8 MLS Ports

- Variable Length
- Rationalized
- Defensible

REQUIREMENTS:

- Sensors (1 or 2 to dozens), only restriction is space
- Liner
- Spine Line
- Weight
- Hydraulic Perturbation
 - Natural
 - Induced
- Time (weeks – many months)

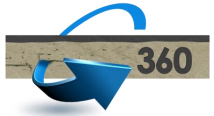
KEY BENEFITS

- Superior Understanding of Hydraulic System & Hydodynamics
- Simple
- Flexibility
 - Time
 - Depth
 - Resolution
 - Reconfigure as needed
 - Broad Variety of Applications
- Cost Effective
 - Parts reusable
 - Robust

Optimize expensive Multi-Levels

OTHER RECENT, CURRENT & PENDING APPLICATIONS

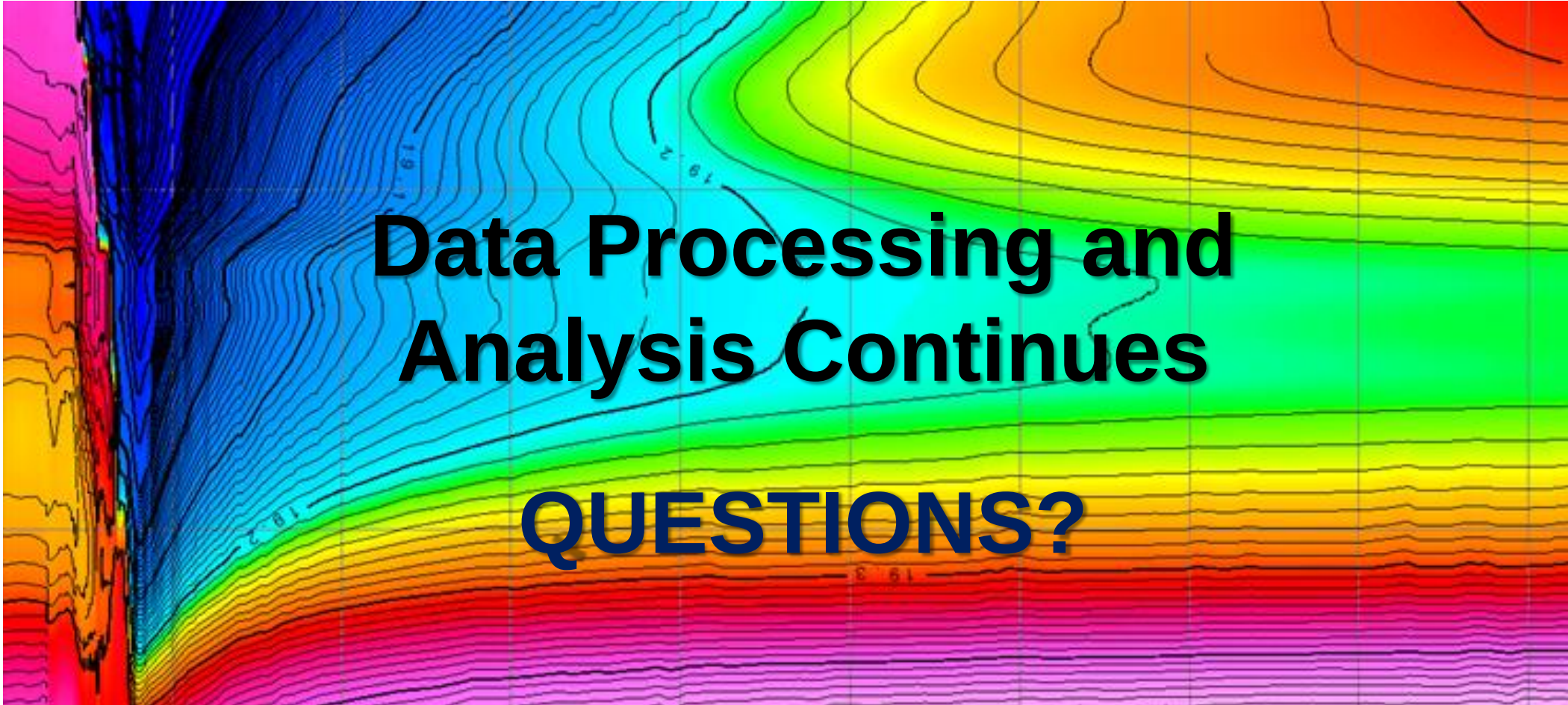
- Long Term Monitoring (Sweden, South Guelph, NWT)
- Cross Hole Monitoring of Packer Testing, (SSFL & BAFF)
- Thermal and Hydraulic Monitoring of Recharge from River (Scout Camp)
- Cross Hole Monitoring of Drilling Program (Hydrite, BC, Sweden)
- Cross Hole Verification and Testing of Methodologies
 - Heat Pulse Flow Meter Techniques
 - DTS & ALS / TVP Thermal Tests
 - FLUTe Profiling
 - Etc., etc.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

- Parker NSERC IRC Funding,
- Boeing (Mike Bower and others) ; CH2M Hill (Kevin Murdoch & crew)
- City of Guelph (Dave Belanger, Peter Rider and others) ; Golder Assoc. (John Piersol, Greg Padusenko)
- FLUTe and Schlumberger for research pricing for liners and transducers,
- University of Guelph G360 staff (especially John Cherry & Ryan Kroeker).





Data Processing and Analysis Continues

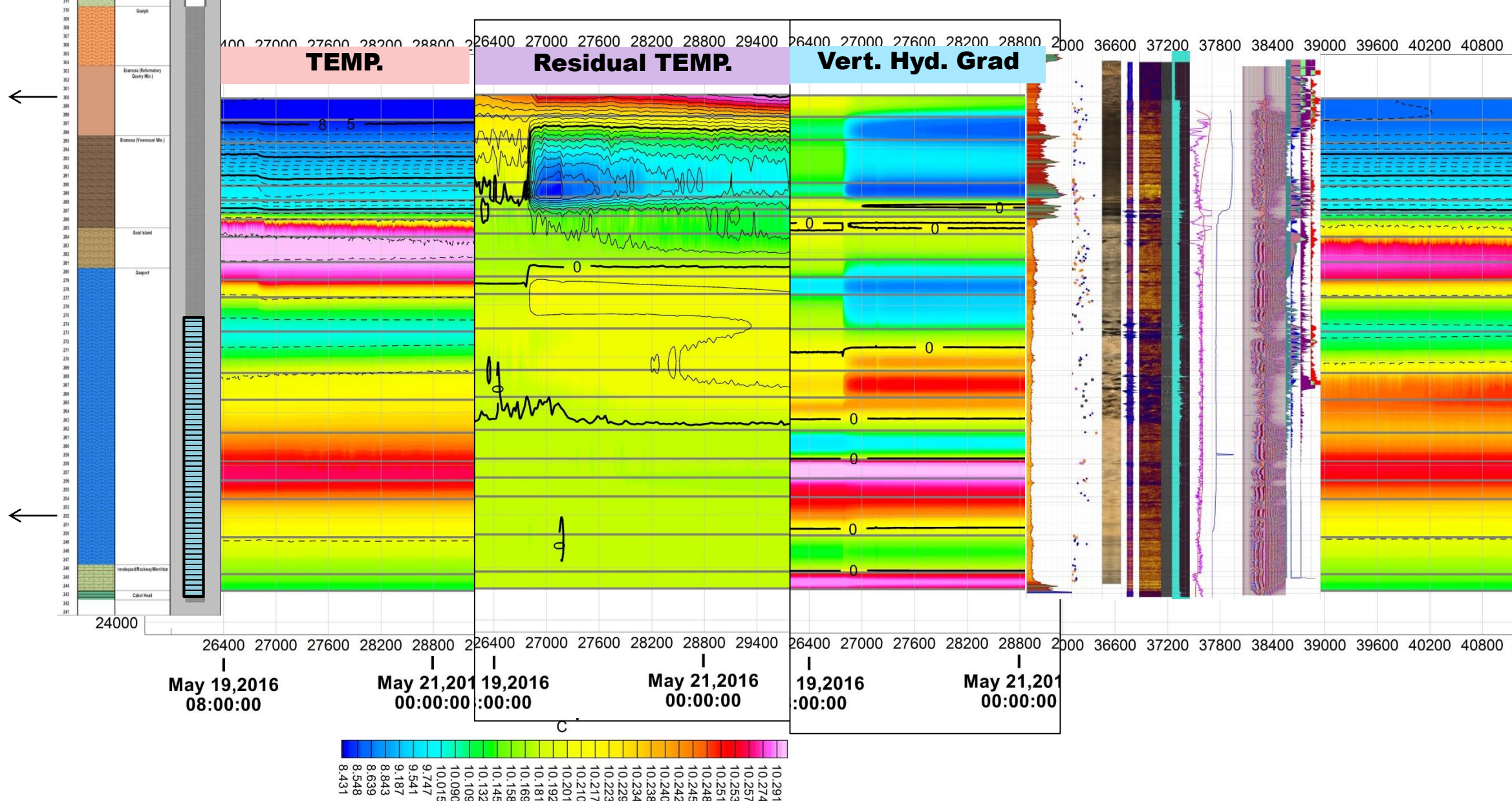
QUESTIONS?

Start at 2019-05-28 9:00

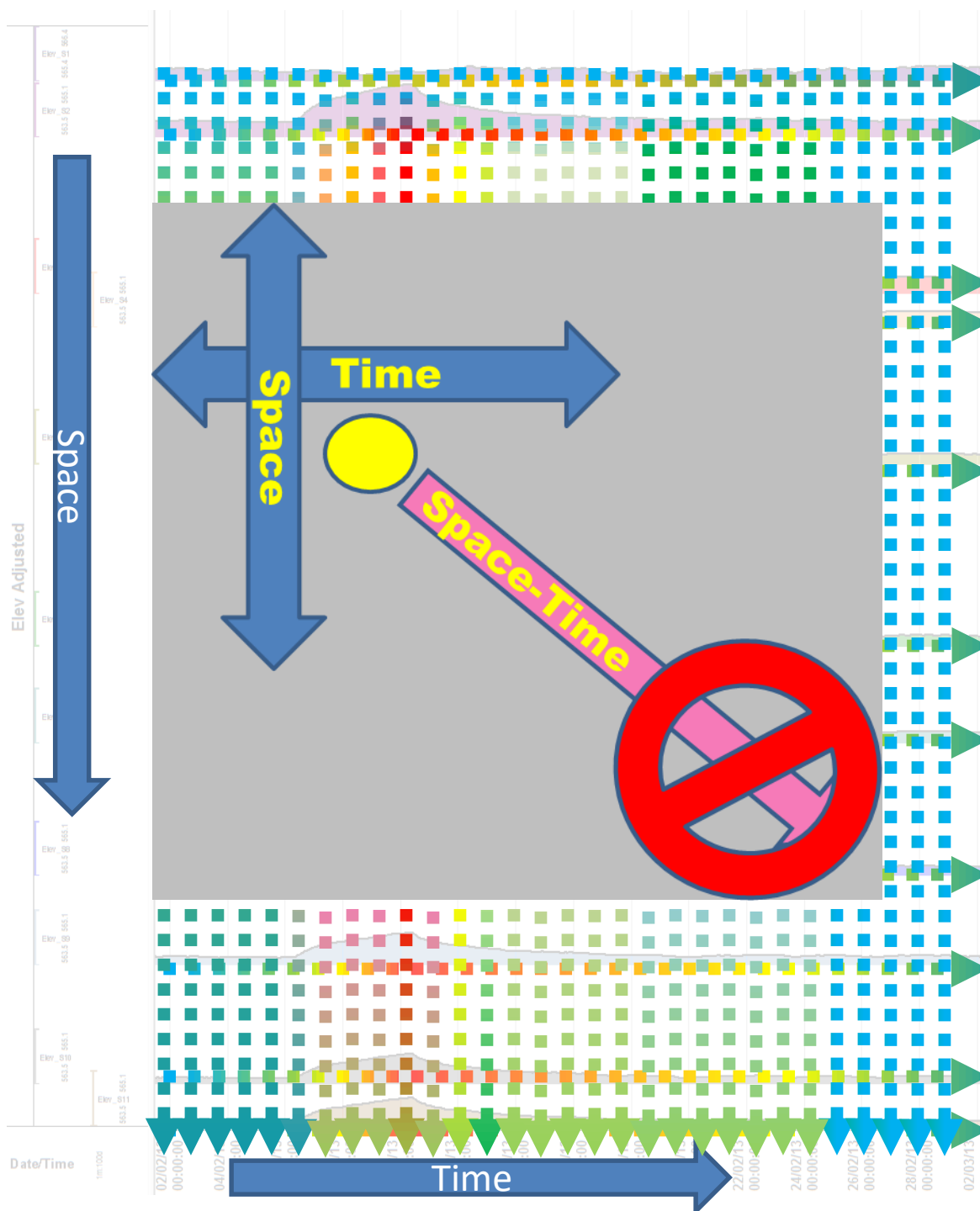
Max Available			Use	Shut Off @
24000	Mini DIVER		120	2019-06-30 17:00
48000	Micro Diver/DIVER		100	2019-07-22 22:20
20000000	RBR Solo		10	2025-09-28 4:34
30000000	RBR Duet 3		10	2028-11-28 14:20

	Accuracy +/-	Resoloution < than
Temp (c)	0.002	0.00005
Press (dbar)	0.05%	0.001%
20	0.01	0.0002
50	0.025	0.0005
100	0.05	0.001
200	0.1	0.002
500	0.25	0.005
1000	0.5	0.01





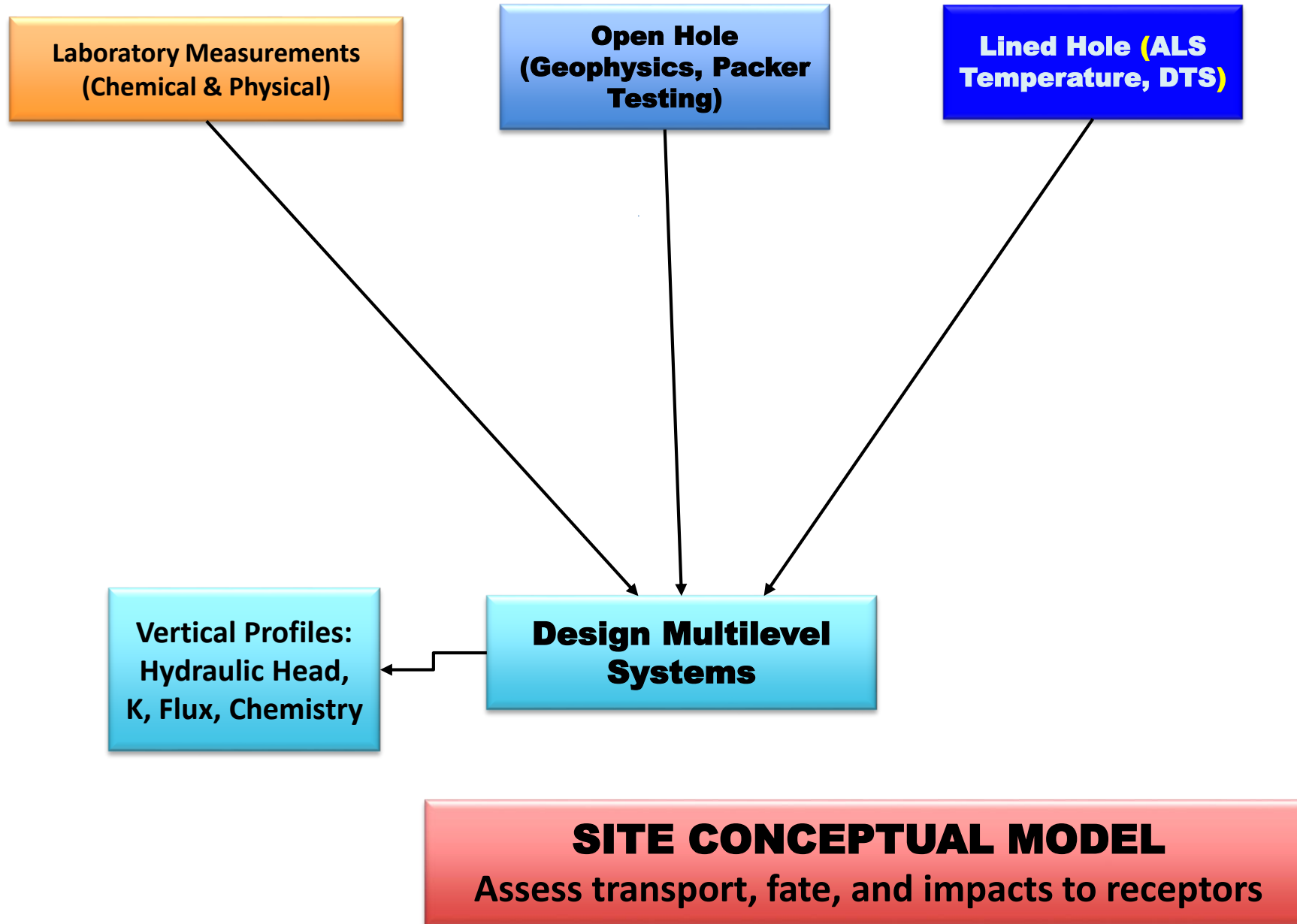
Detailed Comparison Sentry Well Pump Test Start Expanded (min vs Elev x 100)

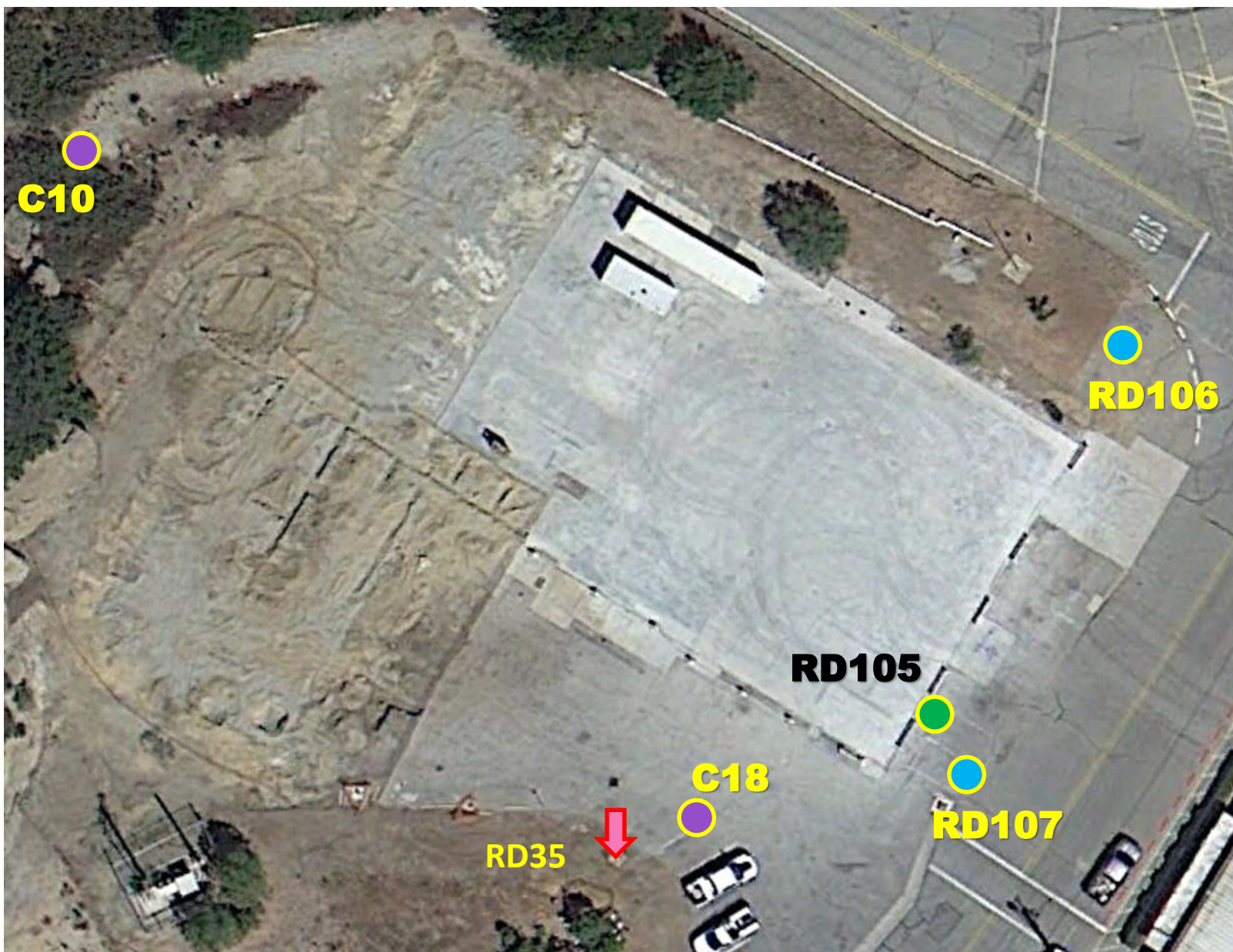


Time-Elevation-Head Plots (TEH)

1. Interpolate in Time
2. Interpolate in Elevation
3. Create a regular (tight) grid of values
4. Filter and contour values

Simplified Discrete Fracture Network (DFN) Approach





RD106 Test Boreholes

RD105

C18

RD107

RD35

C10

INJECTION INTO RD35

