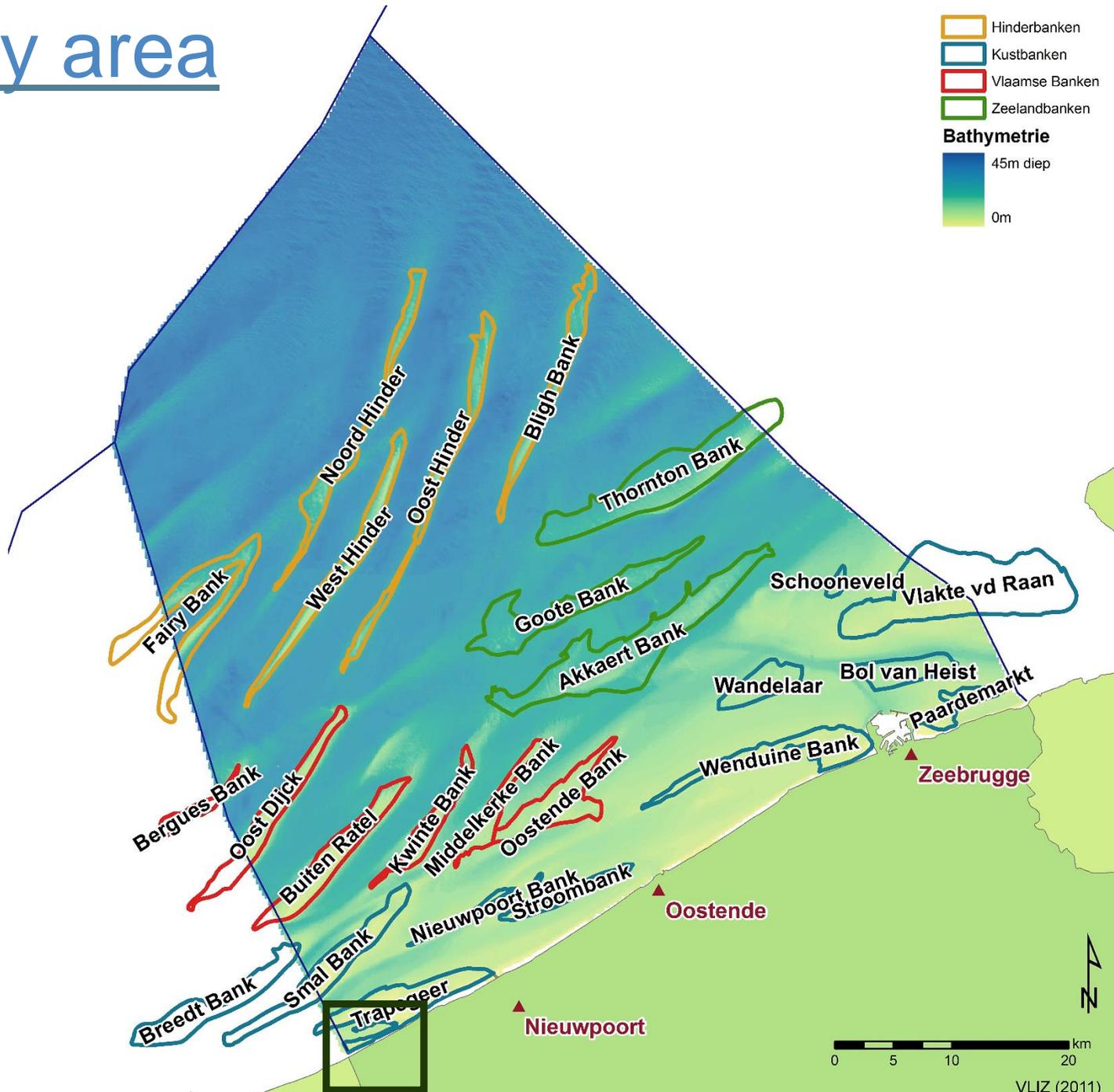


Marieke Paepen, Daan Hanssens\*, Philippe De Smedt\*,  
Kristine Walraevens, & Thomas Hermans

Combining geophysical methods to  
investigate the salt/ freshwater interface  
at the vicinity of water extraction facilities

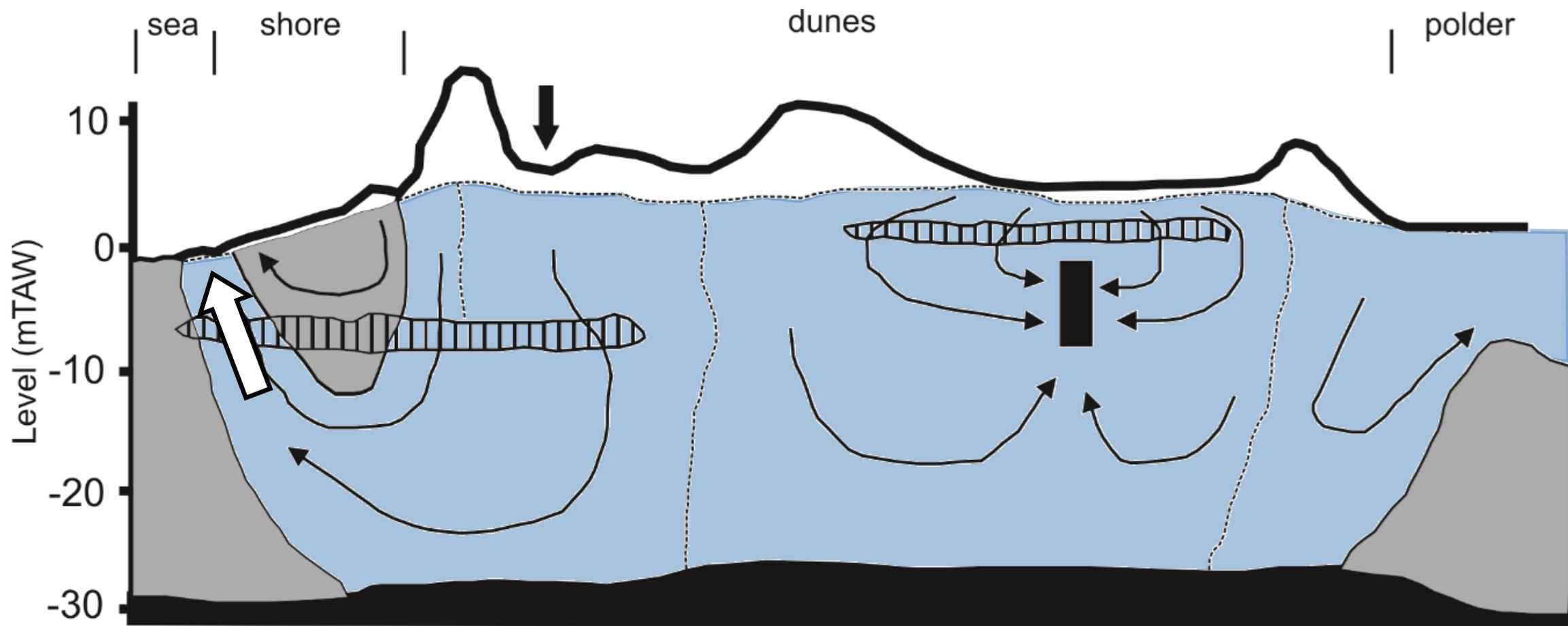
# Study area



# WESTHOEK



# WESTTHOEK



0 1 km

- fresh water
- salt water
- water table
- semi-pervious
- Kortrijk formation
- groundwater flow
- water divide
- well screen

Hermans *et al.* (2012)

# Methods

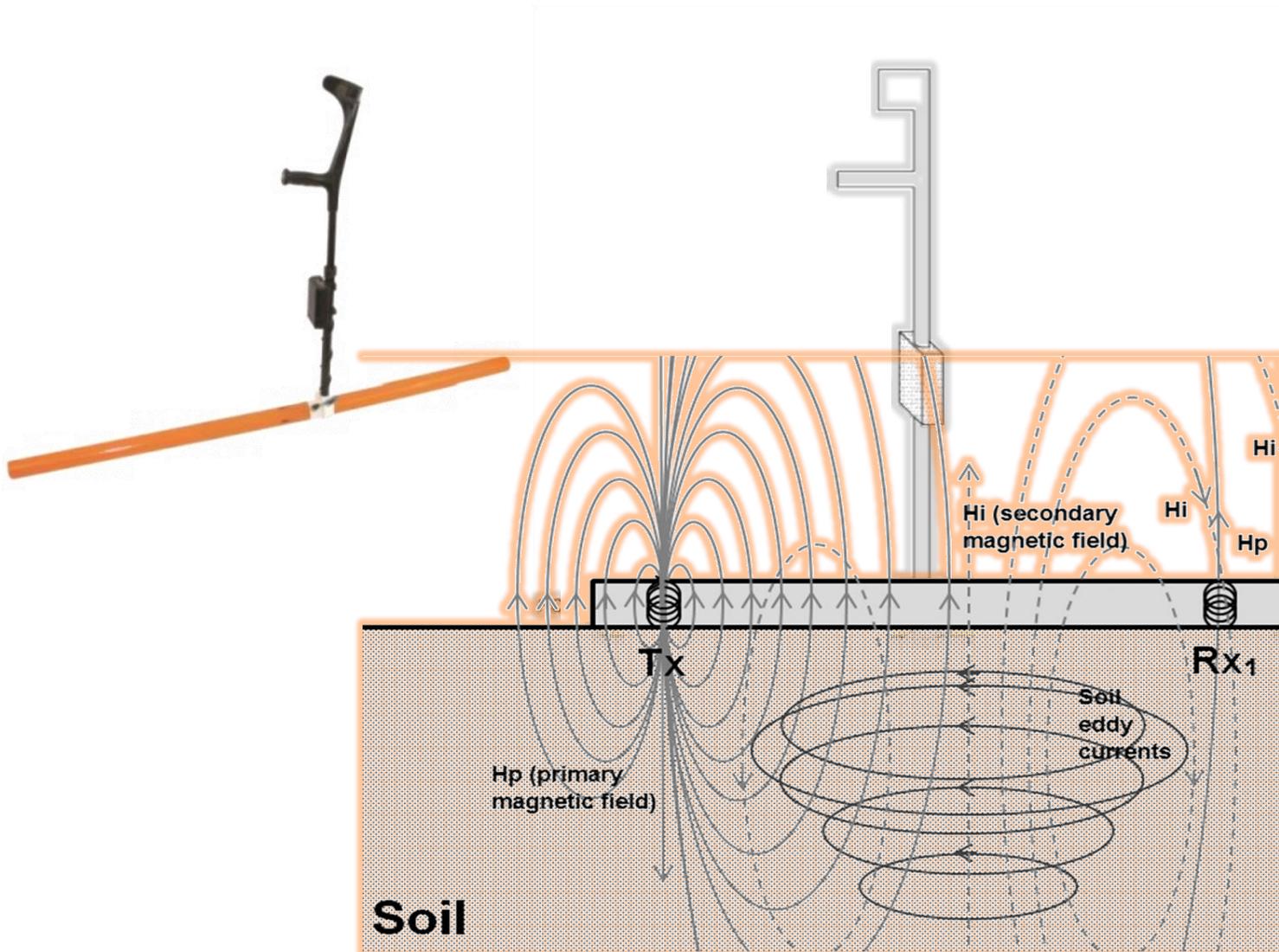
- Geophysics:
- » Frequency domain electromagnetics
  - » Electrical resistivity tomography
  - » Continuous resistivity profiling

→ electrical conductivity/resistivity ~ water quality

- Fast mapping fresh-/salt water interface
- Relatively large spatial coverage

# FDEM

## CMD-Mini explorer



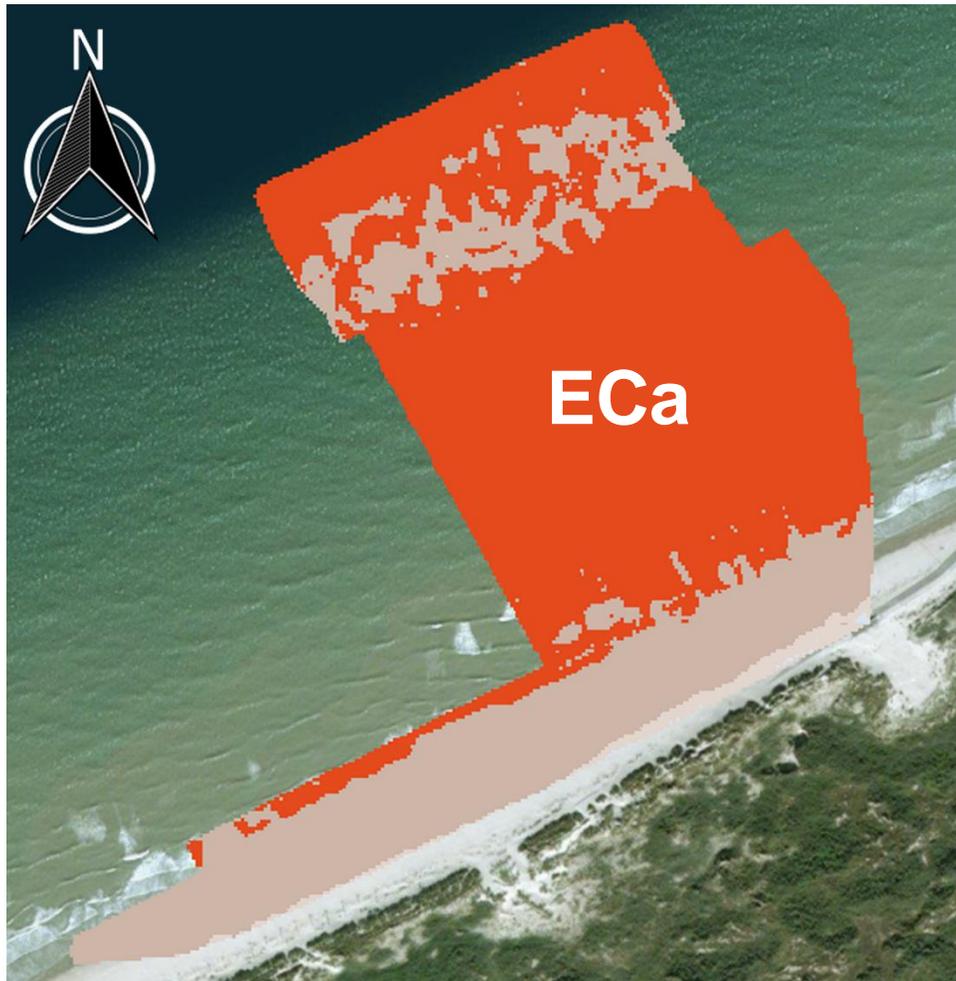
Visconti & de Paz (2016)

# FDEM

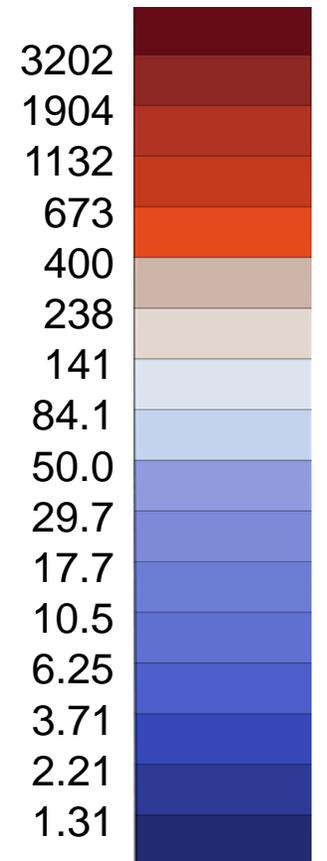
## DUALEM-421S



# FDEM IN HIGHLY CONDUCTIVE ENVIRONMENT



**Conductivity  
(mS/m)**

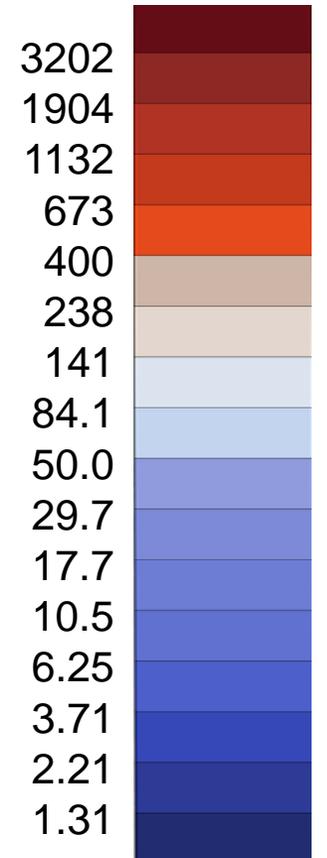
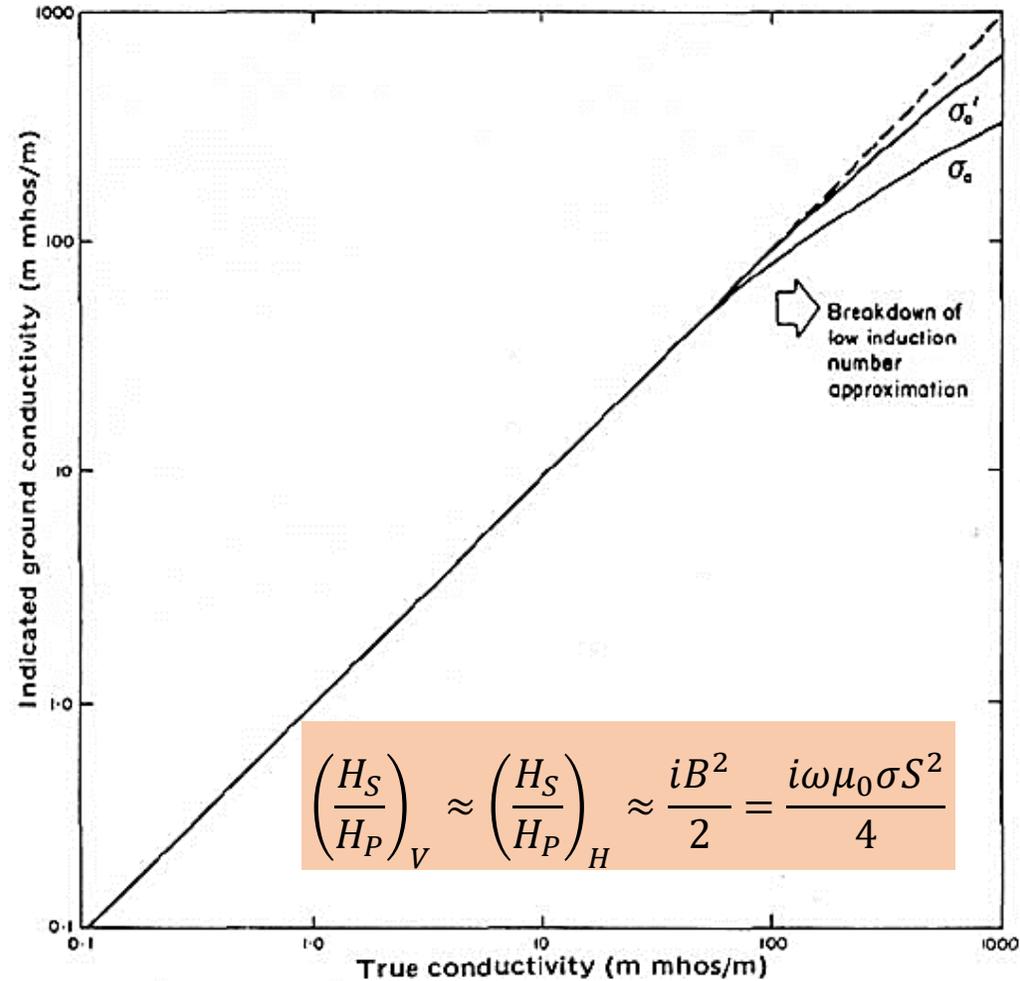
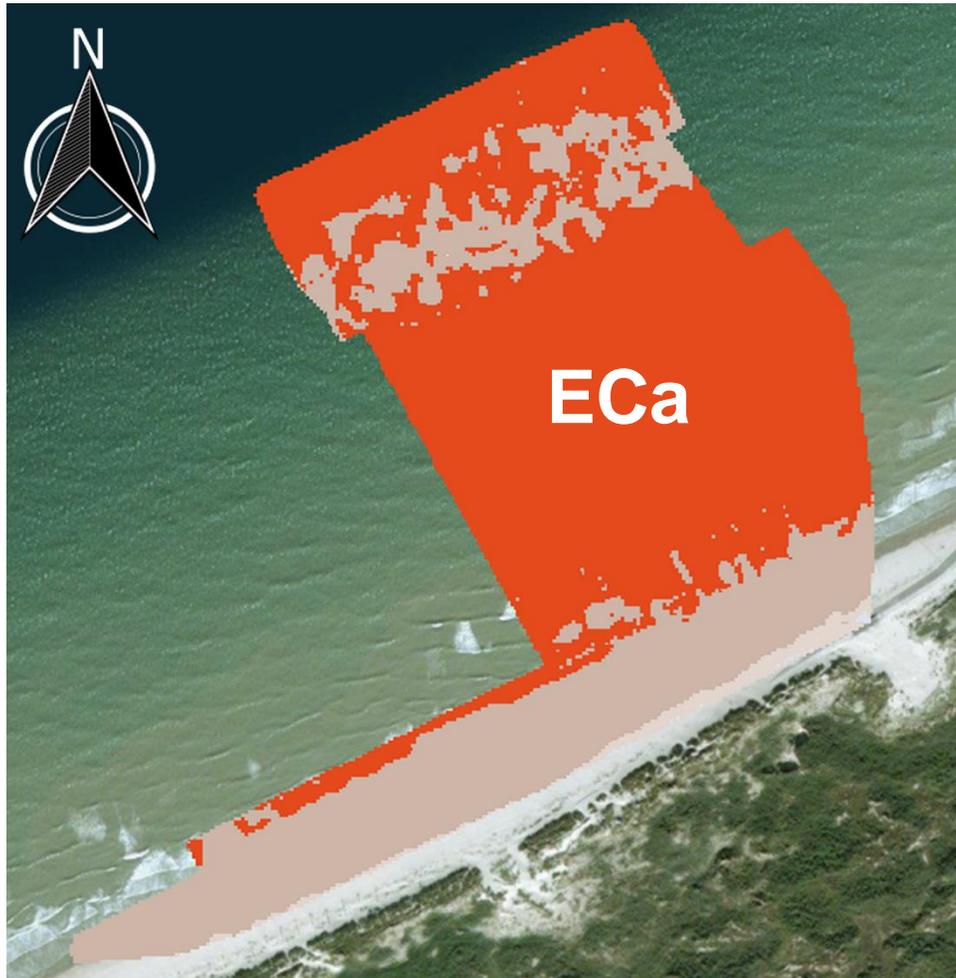


Pseudodepth  $\approx$  0,9-1,8m

Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)

# FDEM IN HIGHLY CONDUCTIVE ENVIRONMENT

Conductivity  
(mS/m)

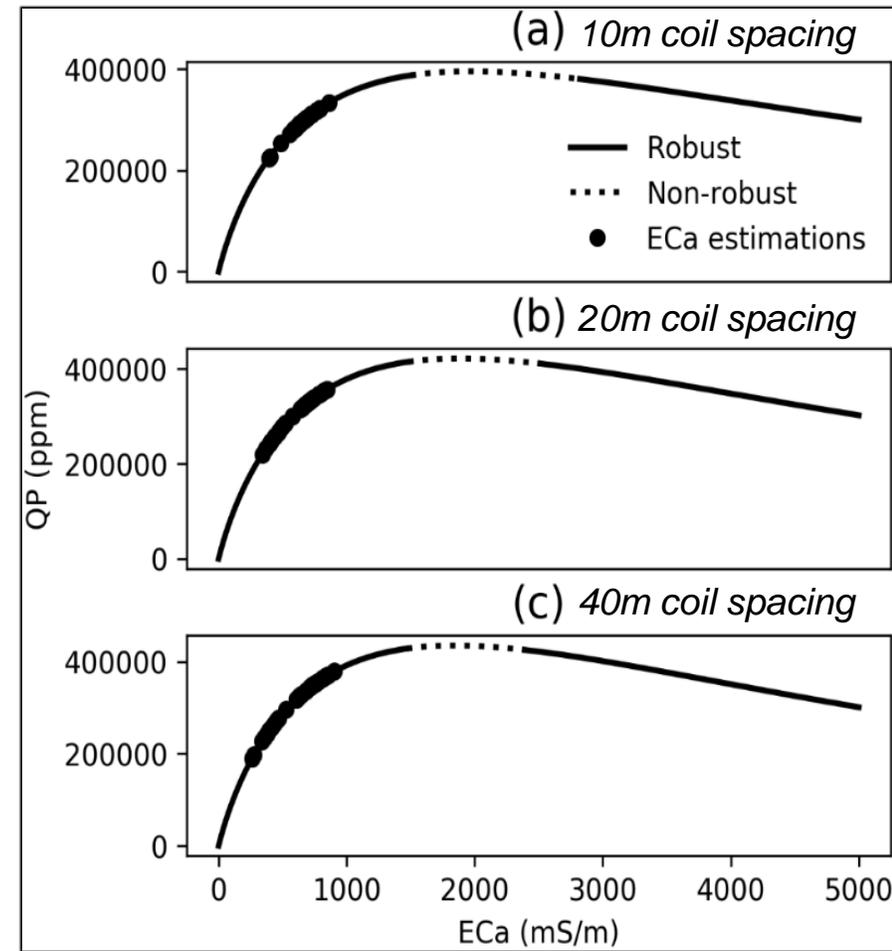
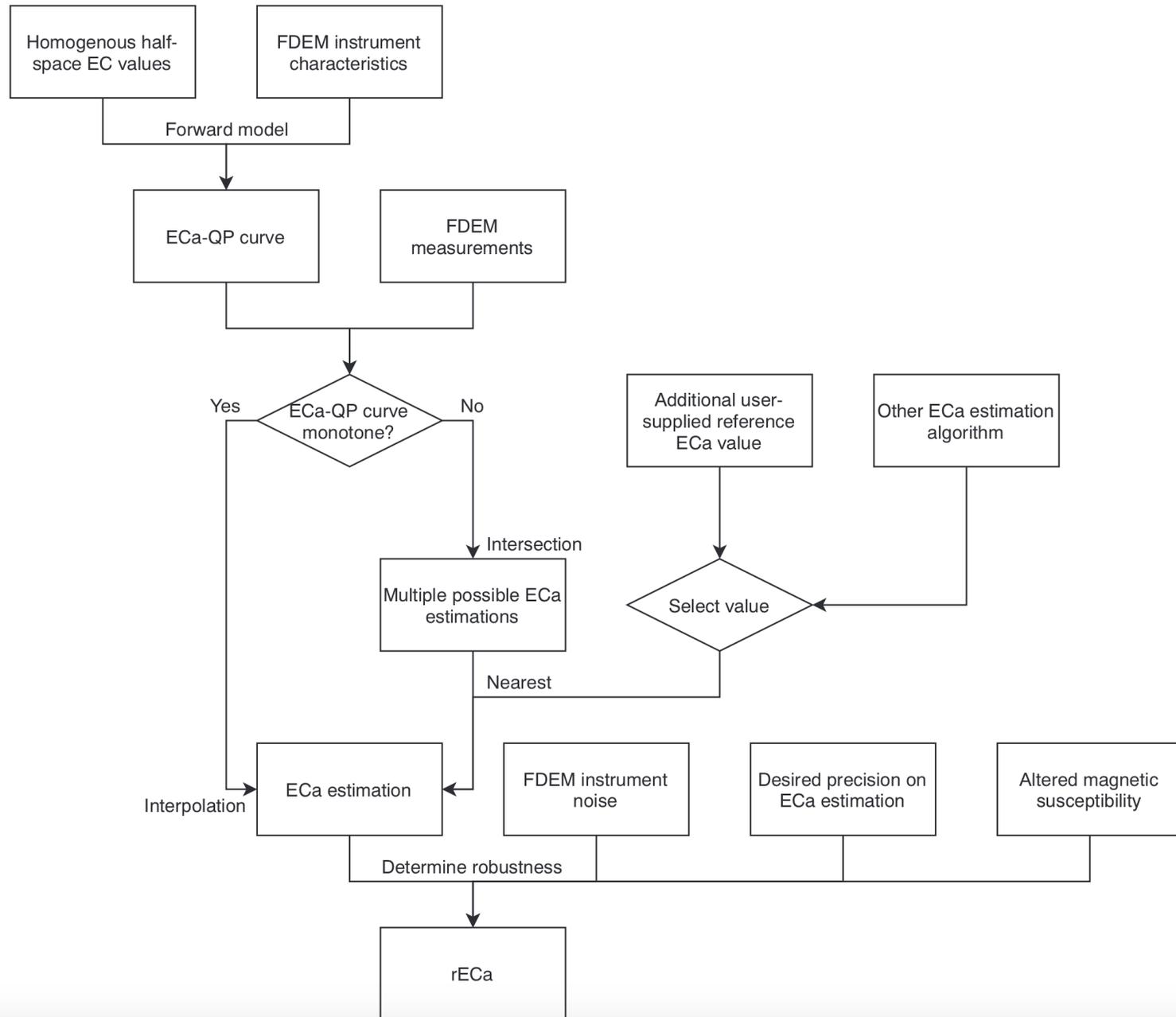


Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)

FIGURE AIV. Plot of indicated conductivity for EM31 versus true (homogeneous half-space) conductivity for both vertical ( $\sigma_a$ ) and horizontal ( $\sigma_a'$ ) dipoles.

McNeil (1980)

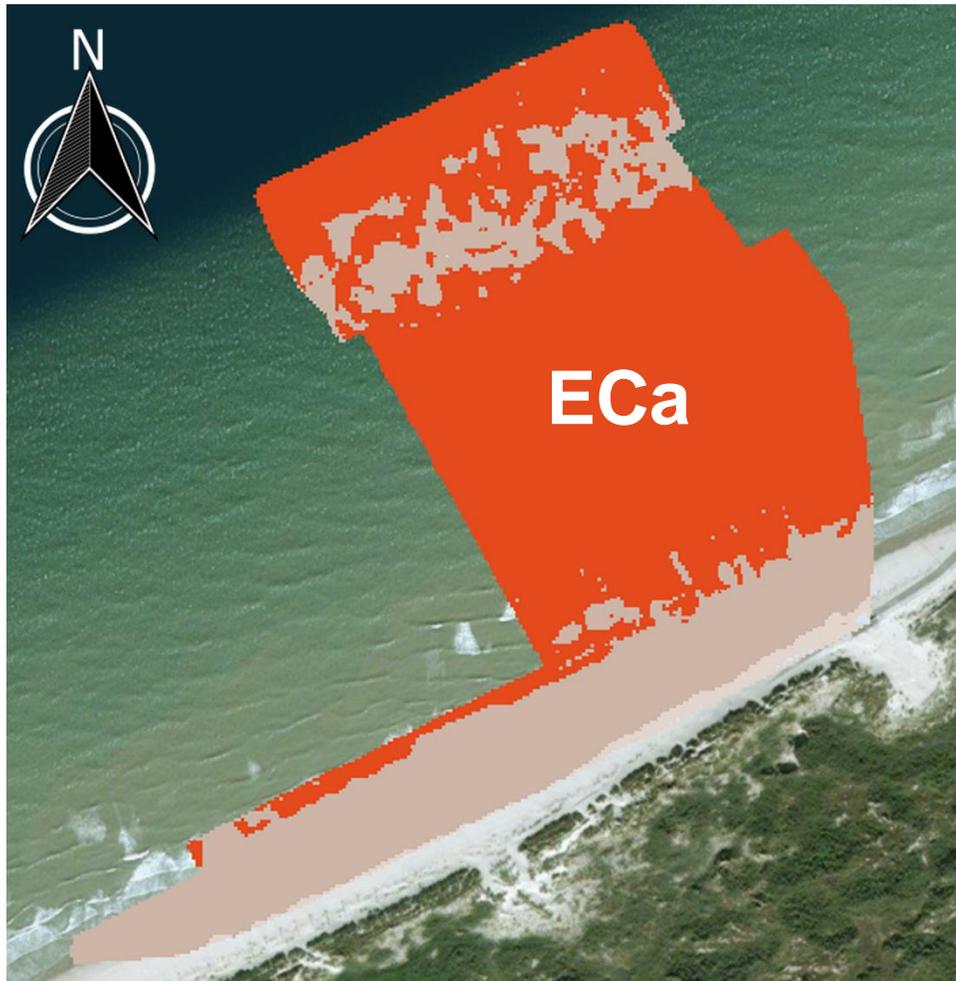
# FDEM IN HIGHLY CONDUCTIVE ENVIRONMENT



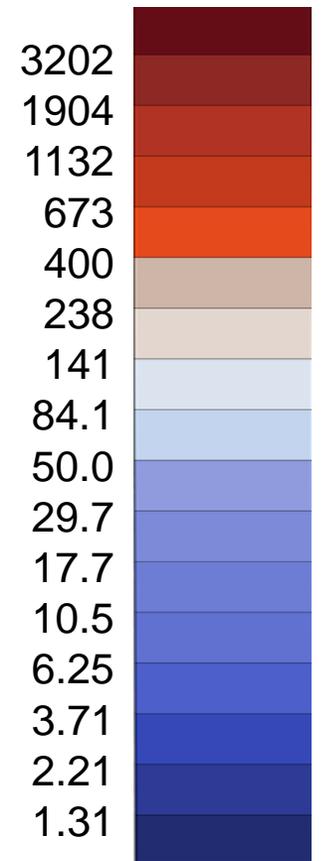
$$QP = \frac{ECa \cdot \mu_0 \cdot \omega \cdot r^2}{4} \cdot 10^3$$

Hanssens *et al.* (2019)

# FDEM IN HIGHLY CONDUCTIVE ENVIRONMENT



**Conductivity  
(mS/m)**



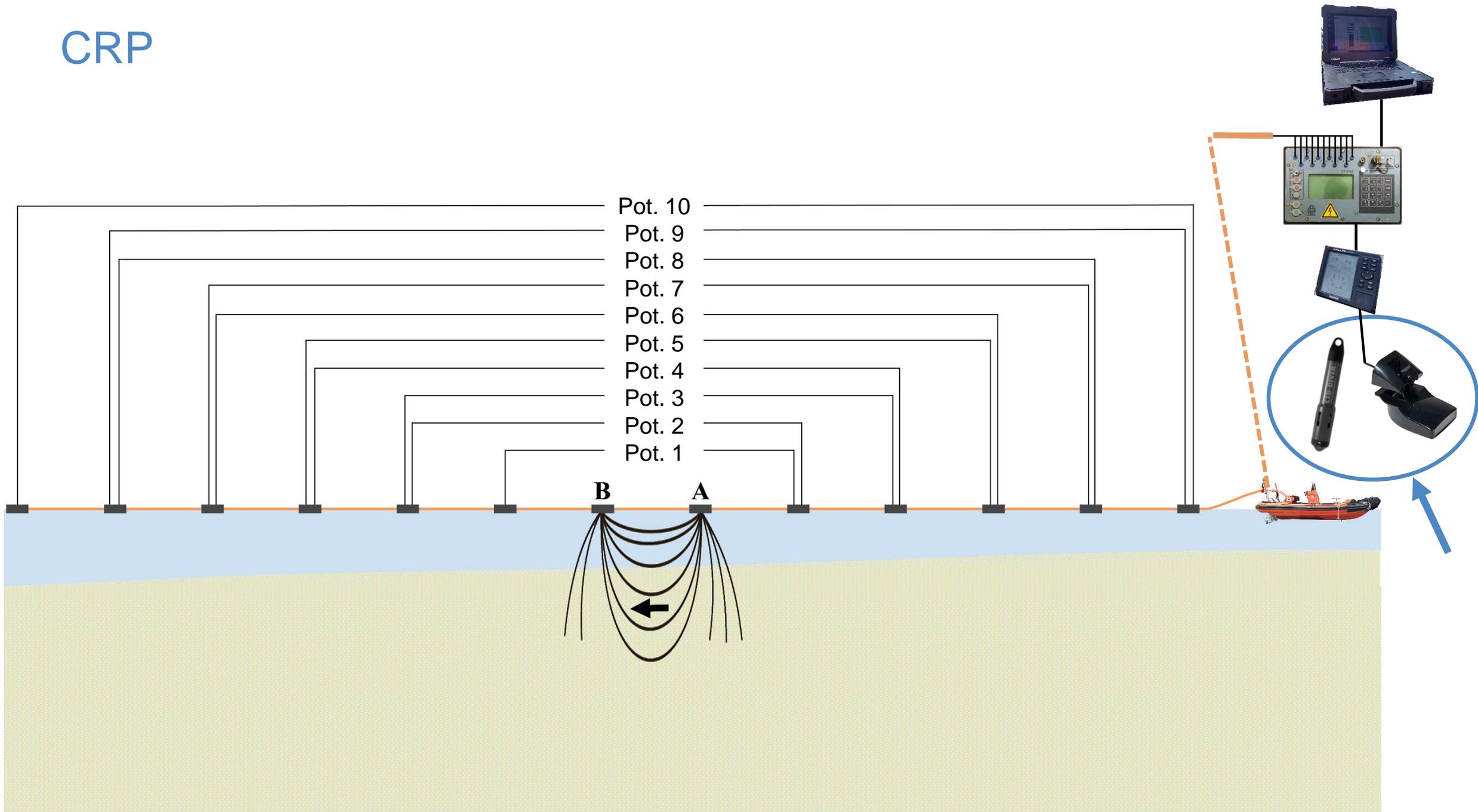
Pseudodepth  $\approx$  0,9-1,8m

Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)

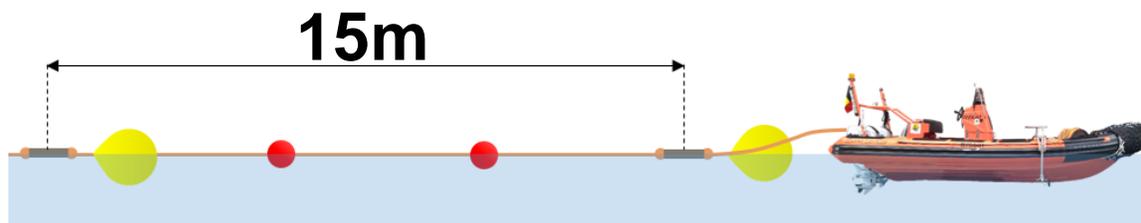
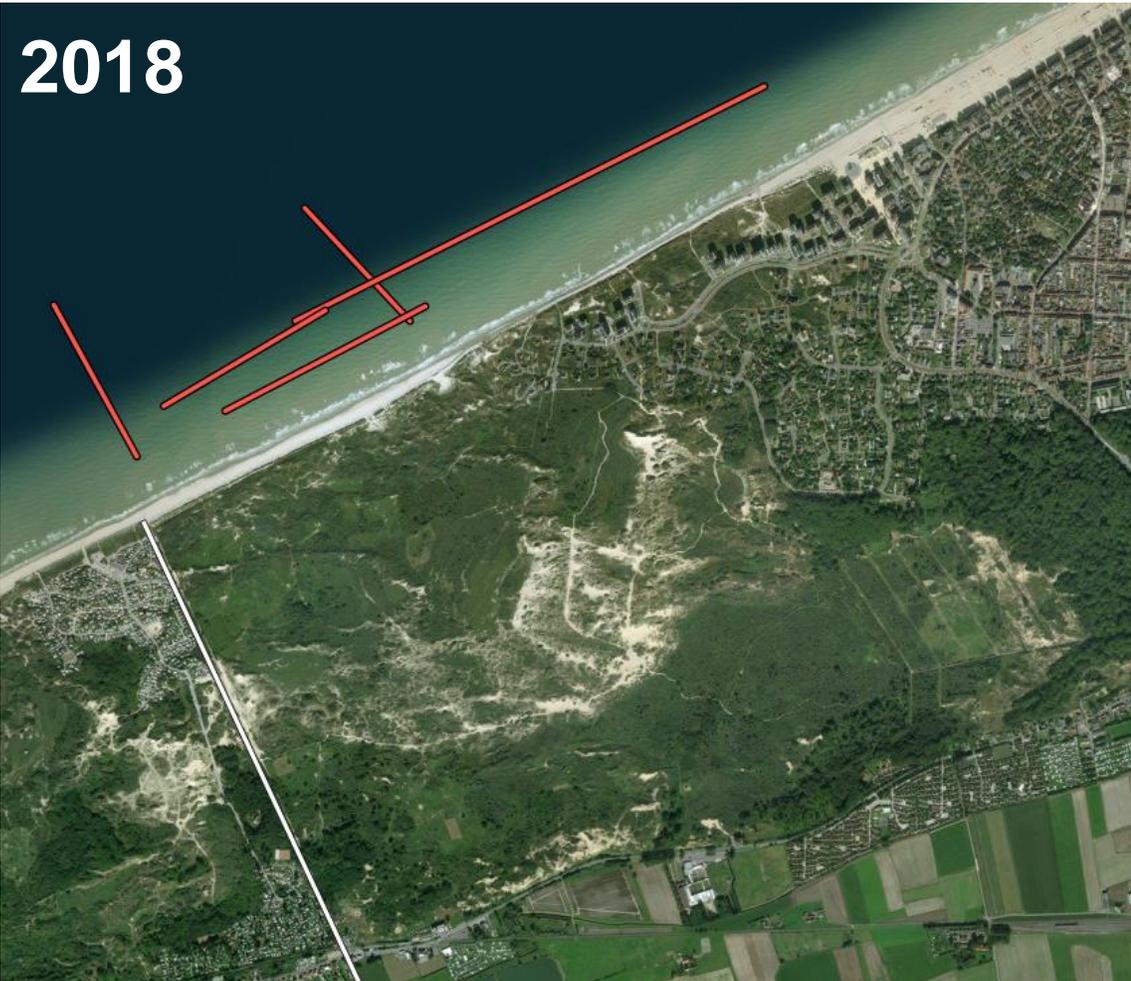
# ERT ON LAND



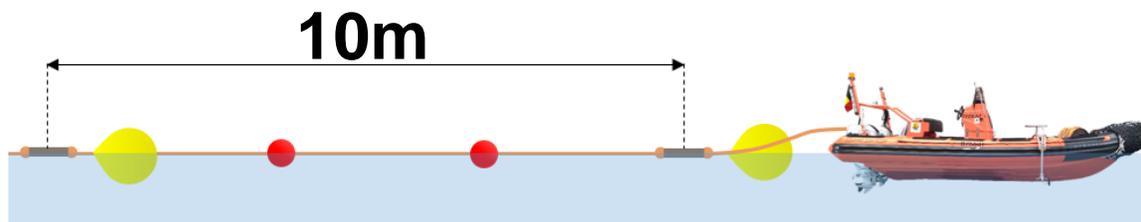
# CRP



# CRP

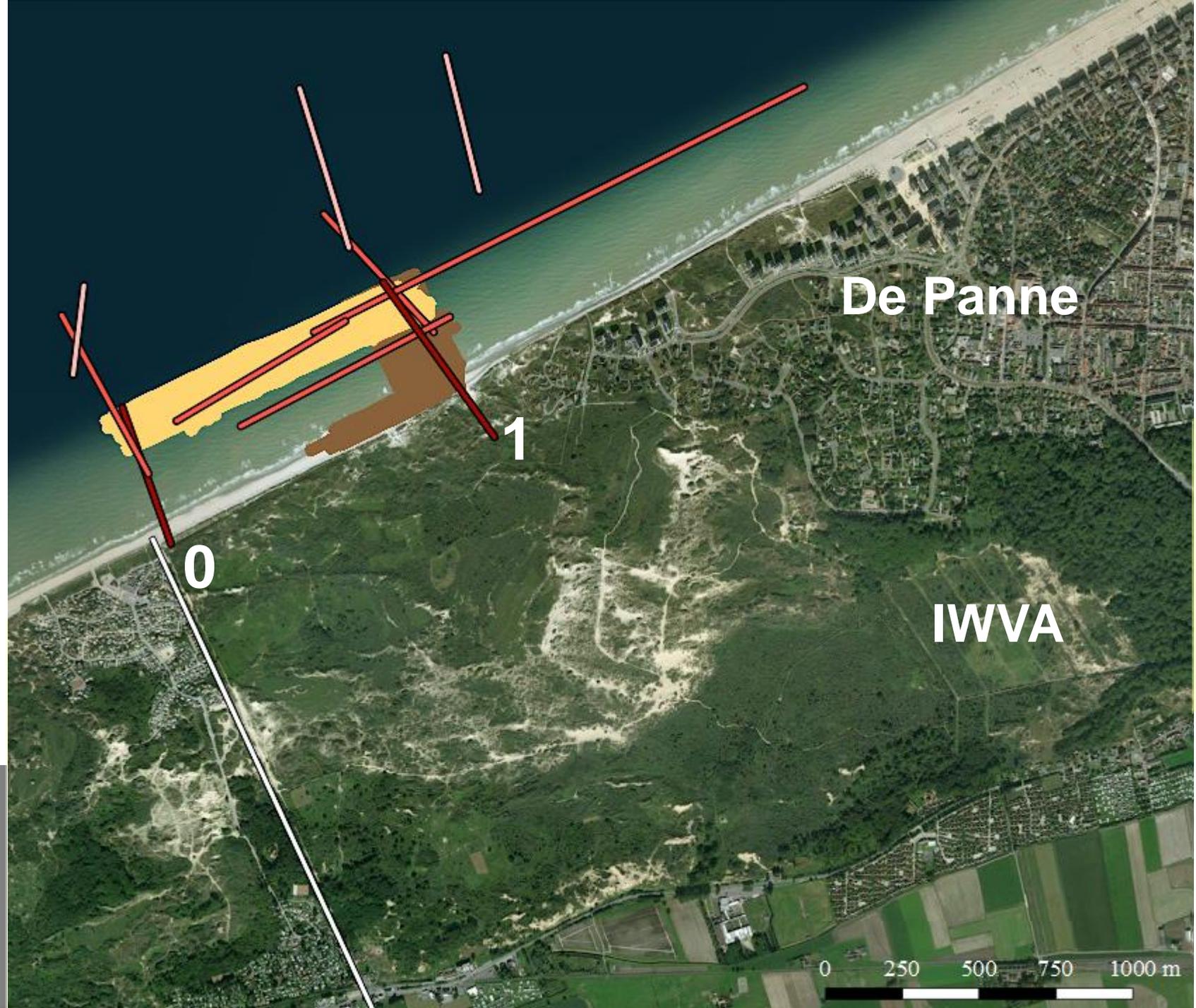


# CRP



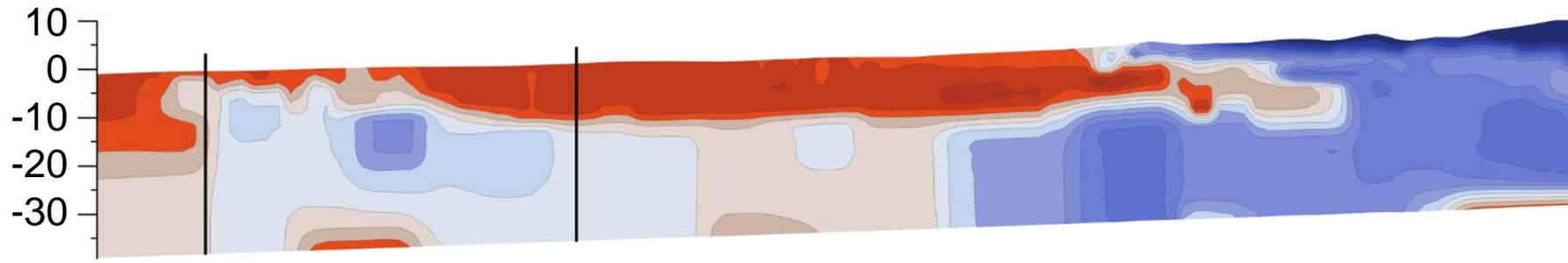
# Results

Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)

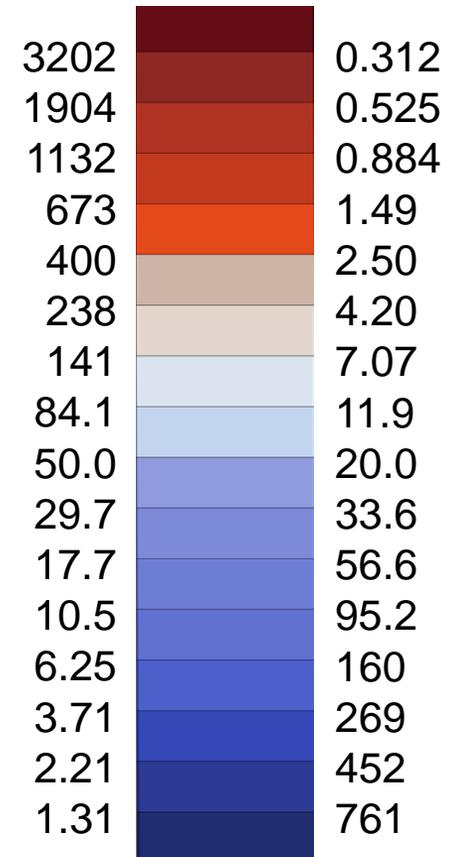


## Legend

- CRP (Low tide)
- CRP (High tide)
- ERT profiles
- DUALEM-421S
- CMD-MiniExplorer



**Conductivity  
(mS/m)**



**Resistivity  
( $\Omega\text{m}$ )**



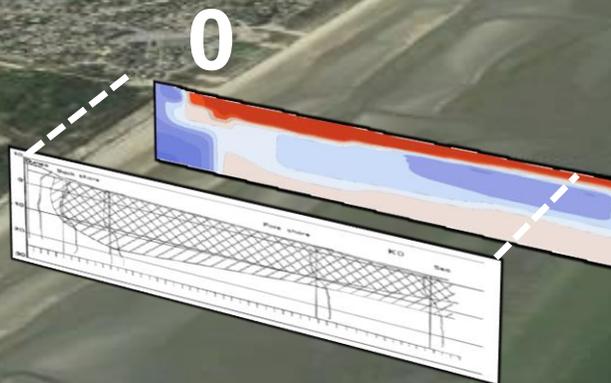
Paepen *et al.* (in progress)

### RESISTIVITY LOGGING

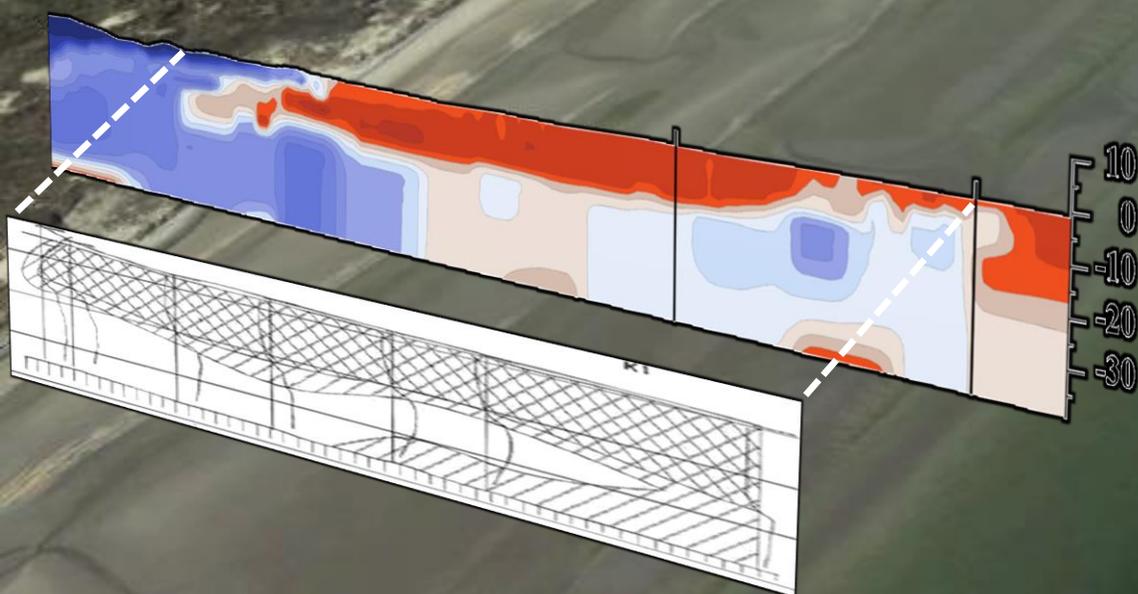
Resistivity of the well surrounding sediments,  $\rho_m$ , measured with the long normal device (AM = 1m)

-   $\rho_m > 20\Omega m$
  -   $2.5\Omega m < \rho_m < 20\Omega m$
  -   $\rho_m < 2.5\Omega m$
  -  Impermeable substratum
- Level in m TAW

Lebbe (1981)



1



Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)

Resistivity  
( $\Omega m$ )

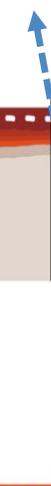




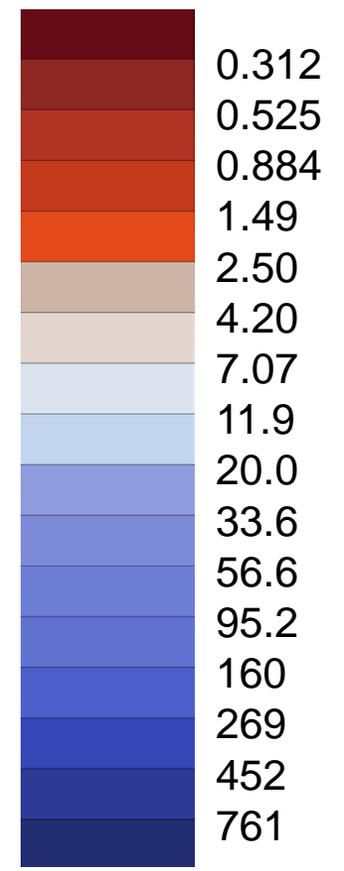
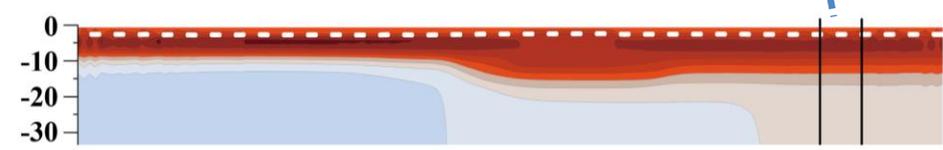
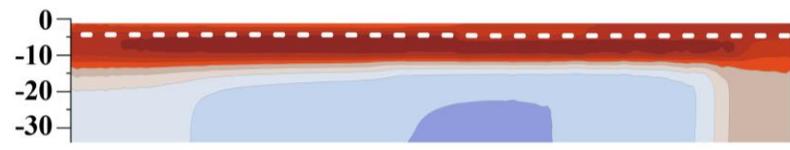
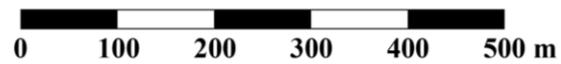
0



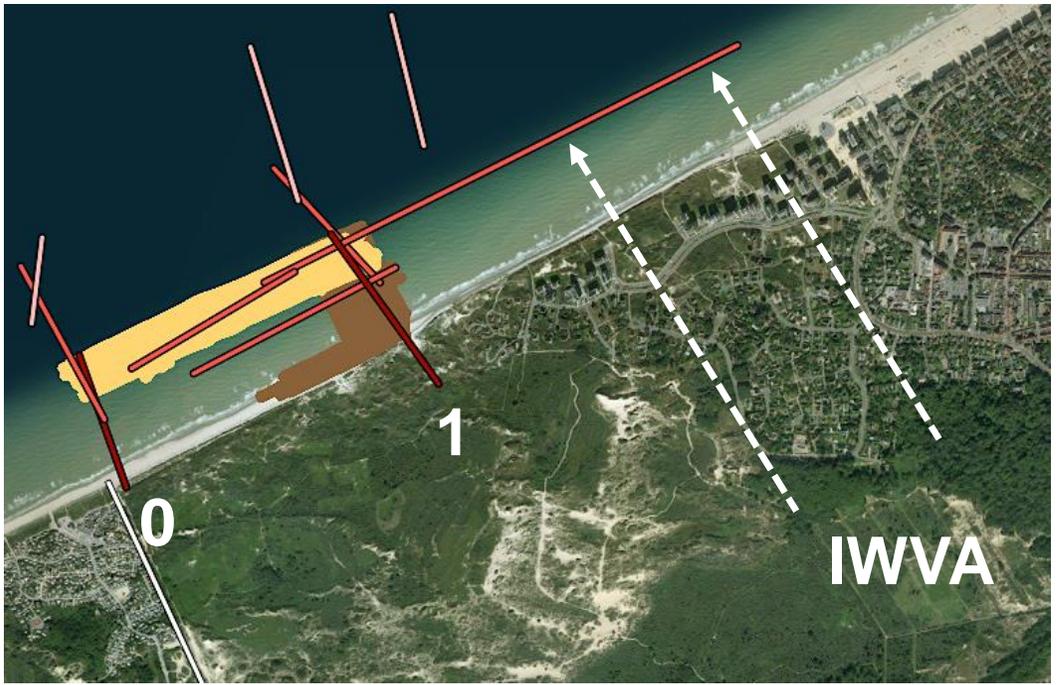
1



IWVA



Resistivity ( $\Omega\text{m}$ )



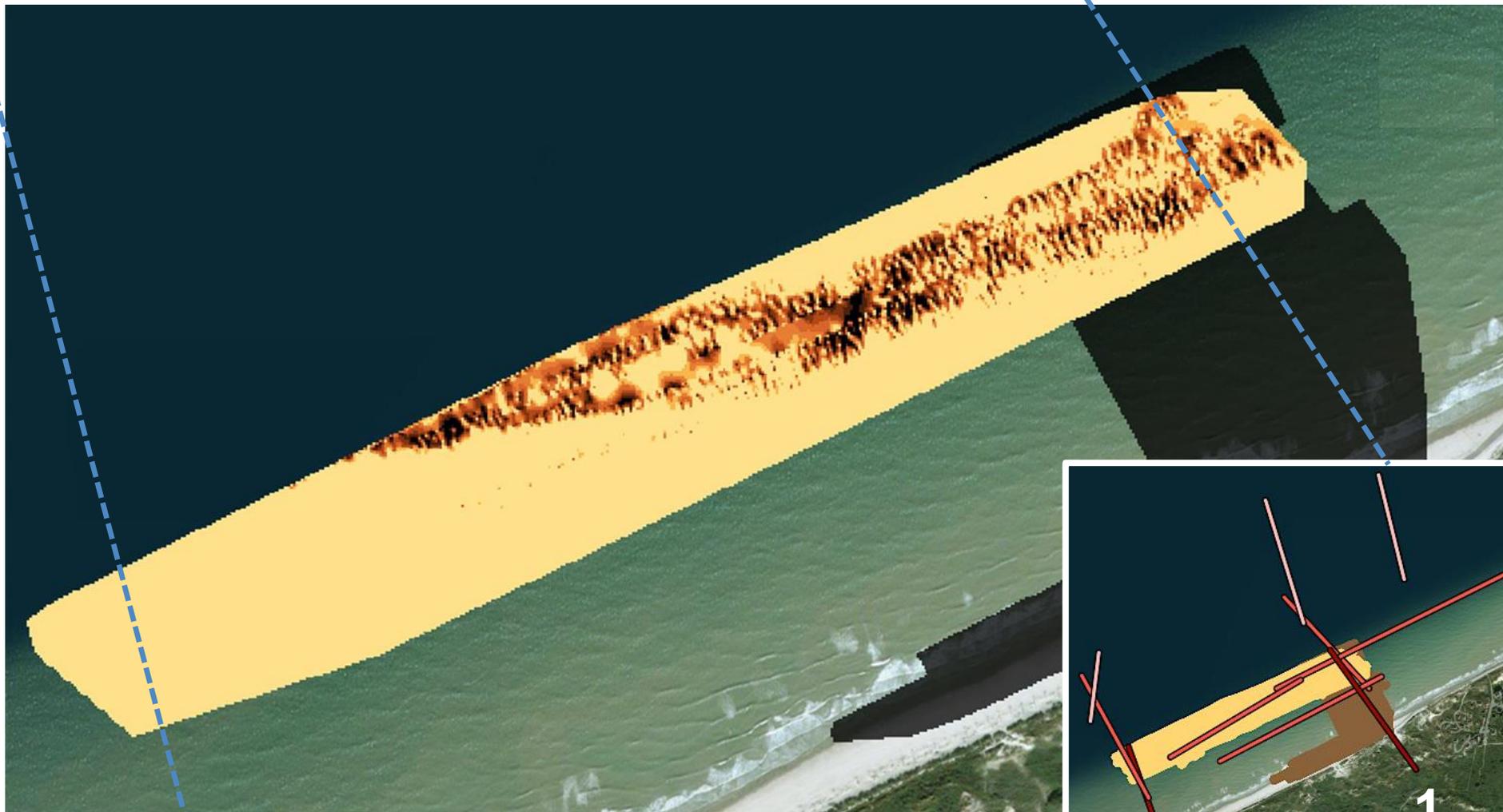
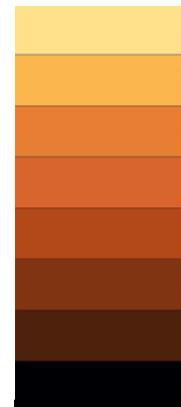
Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)

0

1

**Conductivity**  
(mS/m)

700  
650  
600  
550  
500  
450  
400



Pseudodepth  $\approx$  6m

Paepen *et al.*  
(in progress)



# Conclusions

## ERT/ CRP/FDEM:

- Qualitative interpretation
- Spatial variation

## “De Westhoek”

- Freshwater discharge
- Saltwater lens
- Shift zone SGD





# THANKS TO:

Josue Chishugi, Nicolas Compaire, Tim Deckmyn, Anja Derycke, Gaël Dumont, Hadrien Michel, Melissa Prieto, Mizanur Rahman Sarker, Robin Thibaut, Bart Van Impe, Valentijn Van Parys, Jan Vermaut, Nele Vlamynck, & the VLIZ Institute



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